

# **Learning to speak Spanish the natural way**

## **Part 1: The Notes**

**No exercises**

**No questions**

**No puzzles**

**No cartoons**

## **Part 2: Conversations**

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**English and Spanish**

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# Learning to speak Spanish

## The natural way

- It's the way parents teach their children. Language starts with words and then gradually continues with phrases, expressions and sentences. Initially it's an oral process. Children listen and react upon what they hear. Eventually they use a similar vocabulary.  
English speaking students have to first listen to the correct pronunciation in order to learn the new sounds that are totally different from their own language. So it's very important to first listen to a complete story being read on YouTube. Listening to Spanish programmes on Radio or TV is of course better. **Understanding is not an issue!** Whereas the child only listens to what's being said and eventually somehow understands what it means,

foreigners have to learn via the translations of a written text. To facilitate memorising small units of the complete story, they are listed under the following headings:

1. Masculine nouns and adjectives.
2. Feminine nouns and adjectives.
3. Vocabulary.
4. Verbs, phrases, expressions, sentences.

These small units in Spanish are written in bold and should be read aloud and repeated while doing other chores including driving.

The story is actually a summary of the notes. Since these units consist of words they never saw or heard before, students should only have sessions of 5 or 10 minutes, so *festina lente* (less haste, more speed).

The units should be remembered without resorting to the traditional grammar books.

The linguistic differences between the two languages are given in the notes and should be used as a reference only. The most important one to notice is the difference in word order because script is a mirror image of speech and depends on the fluency it can be pronounced. To avoid artificial rules, students must remember what they see.

- The notes for Learning to speak Spanish the natural way **precede** the conversations, a unique change from the traditional Scholastic books!  
There are 10 different tenses! They are of course dealt with in a progressive way.
- **Each person has its own verb form.**  
Consequently, the personal pronouns are left out, unless to emphasise:  
yo-tú-(el,ella, usted) -nosotros(nosotras)-  
vosotros (vosotras), ellos, ellas, ustedes.

Tú(you) is used for friends and family; usted for others.

Note: Usted(Vd). uses the form of the 3<sup>rd</sup> person singular(he). Ustedes uses the form for they.

In some parts, the plural of tú is vosotros.

- **Pronunciation.** Listen to a few lessons on YouTube. Listening to Spanish programs on radio or TV is of course much better.
- **The stress of words** is usually on the penultimate(second last) syllable except when an accent mark is used or when words end in a consonant, but not an n or s.
  1. Profesora, trabajo, studio, clase, restaurante, ustedes...
  2. Aquí, días, también, sábado, inglés...
  3. Verdad, ciudad, Universidad, usted(silent d), español[espanyol], llegar[yegar], profesor...

Note: if you put the stress on the wrong syllable, people won't understand you.

Always pronounce the bold Spanish words aloud! Also when you practise what you have learnt while doing other chores and driving.

- **Spanish Direct** is based on the way parents teach their children, so we start with words.
- To familiarise yourself with the details used in the notes, memorise the English conversations first!
- **Professional Memory Training Principles.**
  1. Visualise people & places.
  2. Hear in your mind what the actors say.
- Learning needs a good memory especially in an age when reminders, beeps and flashes diminish the skill to memorise!

Write down in a pad words that need extra attention and say them aloud

**1. I want to remember**

**2. How can I remember**

**Never write down your errors!**

Fortunately, by using the exercises in my Creative Writing, memory can be improved to an amazing degree!

From now on, ignore the useless, scholastic command “Don’t forget.”

Instead, **you have to remember!**

- This is the first language book in which the conversations and stories start with derivatives to jog your memory. Looking for solutions to remember has to become a useful habit. Solutions can be funny, silly or ridiculous; as long as they help you to remember.

Examples: hambre (hunger) maybe remembered by thinking of hamburger. The initial letters might help: viaje-voyage, días-diary, sol-solar, flores-florist, flower.

### **A unique wisdom**

Script is a mirror image of speech. No other author, no matter how impressive the list of credentials has used it.

Examples: 1. **Te la voy a enseñar**

(I am going to show it to you).

The indirect object & direct object order is in both languages dictated by the fluency the sentence is pronounced; not by rules! In English, adjectives precede the noun. In Spanish they follow the noun: una blusa **amarilla**- a **yellow** blouse. Turn them around, and that **fluency** is lost!



## • **Study hints**

- For beginners, every word, except the derivatives, is new and has to be remembered. To solve it, I've written the notes to highlight them separately. Study time should therefore be limited to 3-5 minutes!

The notes take up about five pages; the two lessons are written on only one page.

Ninety percent of these two lessons(both ways) should be spent on the notes because they contain **all the** nouns, adjectives, adverbs and verbs used in the conversations.

**To do this course, it's important to consult**

1. **A Dictionary to find translation of words and their pronunciation.**

**My Spanish Grammar in a Nutshell. It's the only textbook that lists topics in alphabetical order**

**Index**

<b>Accent</b>	<b>Verbs:</b>
<b>Adjectives</b>	<b>Conditional</b>
<b>Adverbs</b>	<b>Future</b>
<b>Articles</b>	<b>Gerund</b>
<b>Cardinal numbers</b>	<b>Imperative</b>
<b>Dates</b>	<b>Imperfect</b>
<b>Demonstrative</b>	<b>Passive voice</b>
<b>Diminutives</b>	<b>Present</b>
<b>Gender</b>	<b>Preterit</b>
<b>Interrogatives</b>	<b>Reflexives</b>
<b>Por v para</b>	<b>Reverse verbs</b>
<b>Possessives</b>	<b>Se constructions</b>
<b>Pronouns</b>	<b>Stem changes</b>
<b>Relatives</b>	<b>subjunctive</b>
<b>Superlatives</b>	
<b>Time &amp; Weather</b>	

**Carlos works and studies**

# 1.Laura and Mario study and work

## Derivatives: stress on green

<b>Estudiar</b> (1)	Study	<b>Restaurante</b>	Restaurant
<b>Mucho</b>	Much	<b>Clases</b>	Classes
<b>Universidad</b>	University	<b>Días</b>	Diary
<b>Parece</b>	Appear	<b>Necesito</b>	Necessary
<b>Ganas</b>	Gain	<b>Banco</b>	Bank
<b>español</b> (1)	Spanish	<b>Cientes</b>	Clients
<b>inglés</b>	English	<b>Gente</b>	Gents
<b>Solamente</b>	Solely	<b>Practican</b>	They practise
<b>Practicar</b>	To practise	<b>Fines</b>	Final

(1) Many Spanish words start with es, but English –and Dutch ones start with s

- **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>El restaurante</b>	The restaurant	<b>El día</b>	The day
<b>Los días</b>	The days	<b>Los fines de semana</b>	Weekends
<b>los sábados</b>	Saturdays	<b>Los domingos</b>	Sundays
<b>El dinero</b>	The money	<b>Un banco</b>	A bank
<b>Los clientes</b>	The clients	<b>español</b>	Spanish
<b>Todo el día</b>	All day		

- **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>La noche</b>	At night	<b>Las clases</b>	Classes
<b>Universidad</b>	University	<b>La semana</b>	The week
<b>Mucha gente</b>	Many people		

- **Verbs, phrases, expressions, sentences**

I work...

**Trabajar:** trabajo-trabajas-trabaja-trabajamos-trabajáis-trabajan

<b>Estudiar</b>	To study	<b>Tomar</b>	To take
<b>Ganar</b>	To earn	<b>Necesitar</b>	To need
<b>Hablar</b>	To speak	<b>Practicar</b>	To practise

- **Vocabulary:**

<b>Y [ee]</b>	And	<b>Por la noche</b>	At night
<b>También</b>	Also	<b>Demasiado</b>	Too much
<b>Pero</b>	But	<b>Poco</b>	A little
<b>Qué</b>	What	<b>Ustedes</b>	You
<b>Por qué?</b>	Why?	<b>Allí</b>	There
<b>Entonces</b>	So		

## 2. Studying at the university

### Derivatives

<b>Biblioteca</b>	Library	<b>Necesita</b>	Necessary
<b>Varios</b>	Various	<b>Historia</b>	History
<b>Seguro</b>	Secure	<b>Profesora</b>	Professor
<b>Vida</b>	Vital	<b>Exámenes</b>	Exams
<b>Claro</b>	Clear	<b>Memoria</b>	Memory
<b>Horror</b>	Horror	<b>Materia</b>	Material
<b>Comprendo</b>	Comprehend	<b>Facultades</b>	Faculty
<b>Médico</b>	Medical	<b>Colegio</b>	College
<b>Consejo</b>	Consult	<b>Generalmente</b>	Generally
<b>Medicina</b>	Medicine	<b>Curso</b>	Course
<b>Estados</b>	States	<b>Unidos</b>	United

- **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Varios libros</b>	Several books	<b>Un loco</b>	A madman
<b>Muchos libros</b>	Many books	<b>Muchos exámenes</b>	Many exams
<b>Uno</b>	One	<b>Profesor</b>	Teacher
<b>El médico</b>	The doctor	<b>El colegio</b>	The college
<b>Un consejo</b>	Advice	<b>Los estudios</b>	The studies
<b>El mismo curso</b>	The same course		

- **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Biblioteca</b>	The library	<b>Otra vez</b>	Again
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<b>La vida</b>	My life	<b>Cada semana</b>	Each week
<b>Tantas cosas</b>	So many things	<b>De memoria</b>	By heart
<b>La materia</b>	The subject	<b>Historia</b>	History

A number of masculine words also end in a: poeta, pilota... –  
**medicina**(medicine)

- **Vocabulary:**

<b>Para</b>	For	<b>Adónde?</b>	Where
<b>Seguro</b>	Sure	<b>Quién?</b>	Who
<b>Como</b>	Like	<b>Claro</b>	Of course
<b>Qué?</b>	What	<b>Porque</b>	Because
<b>Por qué?</b>	Why	<b>Solamente</b>	Only
<b>Todo eso</b>	All that	<b>Sobre</b>	About, on
<b>Generalmente</b>	Generally		

- **Verbs, phrases, expressions, sentences:**

I go...

**Ir:** voy-vas-va-vamos-vais-van

<b>Adónde vas?</b>	Where are you going
<b>Necesito sacar muchos libros</b>	I must take out a lot of books
<b>Leer: lees</b>	You read
<b>Quién enseña?</b>	Who teaches
<b>Estudiar: estudio</b>	I study
<b>Pasar: paso la vida</b>	I spend my life
<b>Hay</b>	There are
<b>Deber: debemos aprender</b>	We have to learn
<b>Tomar: por qué tomas?</b>	Why do you take

<b>Estudio para profesor</b>	I'm studying to be a teacher
<b>Hablar:hablan de</b>	They talk about
<b>Comprender: no comprendo</b>	I don't understand
<b>Estudiar: si estudias</b>	If you study
<b>Tomar: por qué tomas?</b>	Why do you take
<b>Necesitar: necesitamos tomar</b>	We must take
<b>Yo estudio para médico</b>	I study to be a doctor
<b>Estudiamos</b>	We study
<b>Necesitan</b>	They need
<b>Ir: van a hablar con...</b>	They're going to talk to...
<b>Tomamos el mismo curso</b>	We take the same course

## Health problems

### 3.A letter from Juanito Madero

#### 26 derivatives

<b>Problemas</b>	Problems	<b>Deprimida</b>	Depressed
<b>Enfermo</b>	Infirmary	<b>Familia</b>	Family
<b>Desgracia</b>	Disgrace	<b>Personas</b>	Persons
<b>Mal</b>	Malignant	<b>Guardar</b>	Guard
<b>Accidente</b>	Accident	<b>Clínica</b>	Clinic
<b>Major</b>	Major	<b>Completamente</b>	Completely
<b>Terminan</b>	Terminate	<b>Carta</b>	Card
<b>Recibir(1)</b>	Receive	<b>Infección</b>	Infection
<b>Intestinal</b>	Intestines	<b>Hospital</b>	Hospital
<b>Escribir(2)</b>	Scribe	<b>Preocupes</b>	Preoccupy
<b>Favor</b>	Favour	<b>Viene</b>	Venue
<b>Atención</b>	Attention	<b>Necesita</b>	Necessary

<b>Rápido</b>	Rapid	<b>Salud</b>	Salutary
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1. V&b relationship: move-mobile...
2. Es&s

- **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Enfermo</b>	Sick	<b>Mi esposo</b>	My husband
<b>Un accidente de tránsito</b>	A traffic accident	<b>Su hermano</b>	Your brother
<b>Cariños a papá</b>	Love to dad	<b>Los problemas de salud</b>	Health problems
<b>El cartero</b>	The mailman	<b>Pobrecito</b>	Poor kid
<b>Por favor</b>	Please	<b>Mis hermanos</b>	My brothers
<b>Un poco</b>	A bit		

- **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Salud</b>	Health	<b>Buenas tardes</b>	Good afternoon
<b>La señora X</b>	Mrs X	<b>Un poco deprimida</b>	A bit depressed
<b>Su familia</b>	Your family	<b>Gracias</b>	Thanks
<b>Por desgracia</b>	Unfortunately	<b>Tres personas enfermas</b>	Three sick people
<b>La cama</b>	The bed	<b>Mi madre</b>	My mother
<b>La clínica</b>	The clinic	<b>Todas las semanas</b>	Every week
<b>Una carta</b>	A card	<b>Querida</b>	Dear mother



		<b>mamá</b>	
<b>Una infección</b>	An infection	<b>Su carta</b>	His letter
<b>Otra carta</b>	Another letter	<b>La semana</b>	The week
<b>Su casa</b>	His home	<b>La atención</b>	The attention
<b>Preocupada</b>	Preoccupied		

• **Vocabulary:**

<b>Cómo</b>	How	<b>Muy bien</b>	I'm fine
<b>Todavía</b>	Still	<b>Sí</b>	Yes
<b>Si</b>	If	<b>Pero</b>	But
<b>Nunca</b>	Never	<b>Hoy</b>	Today
<b>Aquí</b>	Here	<b>Tan</b>	So
<b>Rápido</b>	Quickly		

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

<b>Cómo está usted?</b>	How are you
I am...	

**Estar:** estoy-estas-está-estamos-estáis-están

<b>Hay alguien enfermo?</b>	Is there someone sick
<b>Tres personas están enfermas</b>	Three people are sick
<b>Quiénes están mal?</b>	Who are sick
<b>Mi esposo tiene que guardar Cama</b>	My husband has to stay in Bed
<b>Lo siento mucho</b>	I'm very sorry
<b>Él está mejor</b>	He is better
<b>Todavía tiene que descansar</b>	He still has to rest

<b>Los problemas nunca terminan</b>	Problems never end
<b>Su familia recibe una carta</b>	His family receives a letter
<b>Acaba de llegar el cartero</b>	The mailman just arrived
<b>Recibir</b>	To receive
<b>A ver si recibimos</b>	Let's see if we get
<b>Aquí hay una carta</b>	Here is a letter

I have...

**tener: tengo-tienes-tiene-tenemos-tenéis-tienen**

<b>Estoy en el hospital</b>	I'm in hospital
<b>Está enfermo</b>	He's sick
<b>Qué más escribe?</b>	What else(more) does he write
<b>No te preocupes</b>	Don't worry
<b>Voy a escribir</b>	I'm going to write
<b>La semana que viene</b>	Next week

I come...

**Venir: vengo-vienes-viene-venimos-venís- vienen**

<b>Está tan lejos de su casa</b>	He is so far from home
<b>Estoy tan preocupada</b>	I'm so worried
<b>Va a recibir</b>	He is going to get
<b>Va a mejorar</b>	He is going to get better
<b>Esperar: espero que sí</b>	I hope so

## **The photo album**

### **4.What do Argentines look like**

## Derivatives

<b>Álbum</b>	Album	<b>Foto</b>	Photo
<b>Visita</b>	Visit	<b>Tarde</b>	Retarded
<b>Hombre</b>	Homo(sapiens)	<b>Origen</b>	Origen
<b>Madre</b>	Mother	<b>Médica</b>	Medicine
<b>Inteligente</b>	Intelligent	<b>Simpática</b>	Sympathy
<b>española</b>	Spanish	<b>Serio</b>	Serious
<b>Nacionalidad</b>	Nationality	<b>Tipo</b>	Type
<b>Azules</b>	Azure	<b>européas</b>	European
<b>inglesa</b>	English		

### • Masculine nouns and adjectives:

<b>El álbum</b>	The album	<b>Un álbum</b>	An album
<b>De origen italiano</b>	Of Italian background	<b>Un norte Americano</b>	An American
<b>Su amigo</b>	His friend	<b>Aquel muchacho</b>	That boy
<b>argentino</b>	Argentine	<b>Sus padres</b>	His parents
<b>El tipo</b>	The guy	<b>Los ojos</b>	Eyes
<b>Pequeño</b>	Small, short	<b>Moreno</b>	Dark
<b>Ojos negros</b>	Black eyes	<b>Guapo</b>	Good-looking
<b>Alto y rubio</b>	Tall and blond	<b>Sus abuelos</b>	His grandparents

### • Feminine nouns and adjectives:

<b>Su amiga</b>	Her friend	<b>Las dos</b>	The two girls
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Elvira	Elvira	<b>muchachas</b>	
<b>La hermana</b>	The sister	<b>Esa mujer</b>	That woman
<b>A la derecha</b>	On the right	<b>Mi prima</b>	My cousin
<b>Es médica</b>	She's a doctor	<b>Simpática</b>	Very nice
<b>Es español tu prima?</b>	Is your cousin Spanish	<b>Está casada con</b>	She's married to
<b>La mayor parte</b>	Most, the greater part	<b>Es inglesa su familia?</b>	Is his family English

• **Vocabulary:**

<b>Pero</b>	But	<b>En serio</b>	Be serious
<b>Bueno</b>	Well, good	<b>Malo</b>	Bad

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

<b>Está de visita</b>	She is visiting
<b>Ellas miran</b>	They are looking at
<b>Quién es este hombre?</b>	Who is this man
<b>Es mi tío</b>	It's my uncle
<b>Vive</b>	He lives
<b>Vosotros sois de origen italiano entonces</b>	So you're of Italian background(then)
<b>Origen español</b>	Spanish background
<b>Está casado con</b>	He is married to
<b>Habla con su amigo</b>	He's talking with his friend
<b>Tiene ojos azules</b>	He has blue eyes
<b>Tu eres pequeño</b>	You're short-small
<b>Tienes los ojos negros</b>	You have black eyes

I know

**Saber: sé-sabes-sabe-sabemos-sabéis-saben**

<b>Sé que hay</b>	I know that there are
<b>Sabes muy poco</b>	You know very little
<b>Hay muchas familias</b>	There are many families
<b>Son de origen europeo</b>	They're of European background
<b>Es inglesa su familia?</b>	Is his family English
<b>Sus abuelos son de Alemania</b>	His grandparents are from Germany

**In a department store**

**5. Daniel needs shoes**

**Derivatives**

<b>Blusa</b>	Blouse	<b>Nueva</b>	Novelty
<b>Dependiente</b>	Dependent	<b>Ayudar</b>	Aid
<b>Prefiere</b>	Prefer	<b>Color</b>	Colour
<b>Exactamente</b>	Exactly	<b>Claro</b>	Clear
<b>Precio</b>	Price	<b>Cuesta</b>	Cost
<b>Blanca</b>	Blank	<b>Usar</b>	Use
<b>Otra</b>	Other	<b>Crédito</b>	Credit
<b>Minutos</b>	Minutes	<b>Necesita</b>	Necessary
<b>Capital</b>	Capital	<b>Centro</b>	Centre
<b>Alto</b>	Altitude	<b>Fortuna</b>	Fortune
<b>Vende</b>	Vendor	<b>Perfecto</b>	Perfect
<b>Bajos</b>	Basic	<b>Par-pares</b>	Pair-pairs
<b>encontrar</b>	encounter	<b>fin</b>	Finish

• **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Un almacén</b>	A department store	<b>Qué color?</b>	What colour
<b>Un color claro</b>	A light colour	<b>El precio</b>	The price
<b>Unos zapatos</b>	A pair of shoes	<b>Los precios son altos</b>	The prices are high
<b>Caros</b>	Expensive	<b>Bajos</b>	Low

• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>La ciudad</b>	The city	<b>Una blusa nueva</b>	A new blouse
<b>Las blusas</b>	The blouses	<b>No las encuentra</b>	She can't find them
<b>La dependienta</b>	The sales woman	<b>Señorita</b>	Miss
<b>A la izquierda</b>	To the left	<b>Esa blusa amarilla</b>	That yellow blouse
<b>Esta blusa blanca</b>	This white blouse	<b>Qué talla?</b>	What size
<b>Voy a buscarla</b>	I'll go and look for it	<b>Otra cosa</b>	One more thing
<b>Tarjeta</b>	Card	<b>Su amiga</b>	His friend
<b>La ropa</b>	Clothing	<b>Una fortuna</b>	A fortune
<b>Una zapatería</b>	A shoestore	<b>Rebajas</b>	Sales
<b>La tienda</b>	The shop	<b>La calle</b>	The street
<b>Las gangas</b>	The bargains		

• **Vocabulary:**

<b>Por fin</b>	Finally	<b>Por favor</b>	Please
<b>Cómo no</b>	Of course	<b>Siempre</b>	Always
<b>Cómo</b>	How	<b>Hoy</b>	Today
<b>Hasta mañana</b>	Til tomorrow	<b>Entonces</b>	Then, so

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

<b>Quiere comprar</b>	She wants to buy
<b>Busca las blusas</b>	She's looking for the blouses
<b>No las encuentra</b>	She can't find them
<b>Llama a la dependienta</b>	She calls the sales woman
<b>Quiero comprar</b>	I want to buy

I can...

**Poder:** puedo-puedes-puede-podemos-podéis-pueden

<b>Puede usted ayudarme?</b>	Can you help me
<b>Las blusas están aquí</b>	The blouses are here
<b>Qué color prefiere usted?</b>	What colour do you prefer
<b>Preferir: prefiero</b>	Stem change: I prefer
<b>No sé</b>	I don't know
<b>Pensar:pienso que</b>	I think
<b>Qual es el precio?</b>	What's the price
<b>Qué talla usa usted?</b>	What size do you wear
<b>A ver si tenemos</b>	Let's see if we have
<b>Voy a buscarla</b>	I'll go and look for it
<b>Puedo pagar?</b>	Can I pay
<b>Permiso</b>	Excuse me

I return...

**Volver:** vuelo-vuelves-vuelve-volvemos-volvéis-vuelven (stem changing verb)

<b>Vuelvo en unos minutos</b>	I'll be back in a few minutes
<b>Daniel necesita zapatos</b>	Daniel needs shoes
<b>Pienso ir al centro</b>	He intends to go downtown
<b>Encuentro que</b>	I find that
<b>Costar</b>	To cost
<b>La ropa cuesta una fortuna</b>	Clothes cost a fortune
<b>No hay que gastar tanto</b>	No need to spend so much

I know...

**Conocer:** conozco-conoces-conoce-conocemos-conocéis-conocen

<b>Conoces a mi amigo Carlos?</b>	Do you know my friend Carlos
<b>No lo conozco</b>	I don't know him
<b>Quién es?</b>	Who is he
<b>Cómo puede ser?</b>	How can it be
<b>Por qué no me llevas?</b>	Why don't you take me
<b>Hoy no puedo llevarte</b>	I can't take you today
<b>Dónde está la tienda?</b>	Where is the shop
<b>No vas a creer</b>	You're not going to believe
<b>Voy a comprar dos pares</b>	I'm going to buy two pairs

**Yesterday I ate like a queen...**

**6. Back to my diet**



## Derivatives

<b>Sopa</b>	Soup	<b>Pescado</b>	Pisces
<b>Arroz</b>	Rice	<b>Ensalada</b>	Salad
<b>Fruta</b>	Fruit	<b>Régimen</b>	Regime
<b>Contenta</b>	Content	<b>Comprende</b>	Comprehend
<b>Problema</b>	Problem	<b>Kilo</b>	Kilo
<b>Sándwich</b>	Sandwich	<b>Queso</b>	Cheese
<b>Té</b>	Tea	<b>Carne</b>	Carnivore
<b>Aumentar</b>	Augment	<b>Carne</b>	Carnival
<b>Excelente</b>	Excellent	<b>Plato</b>	Plate
<b>Pollo</b>	Poultry		

- **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Pan</b>	Bread	<b>El almuerzo</b>	Lunch
<b>Duro</b>	Hard	<b>Un poco de pan</b>	A bit of bread
<b>Dinero</b>	Money	<b>Muy caro</b>	Very expensive
<b>El pollo</b>	Chicken	<b>Uno de los platos de pescado</b>	One of the fish dishes
<b>Arroz</b>	Rice	<b>Vino</b>	Wine
<b>De postre</b>	For desert	<b>Helado</b>	Ice cream
<b>Su hermano</b>	Her brother	<b>Su problema</b>	Her problem
<b>El mes pasado</b>	Last month	<b>Mucho peso</b>	A lot of weight
<b>Quatro kilos</b>	Four kilos	<b>Huevos</b>	Eggs

<b>Cereal</b>	Cereal	<b>El almuerzo</b>	Lunch
<b>Desayuno</b>	Breakfast	<b>Queso</b>	Cheese
<b>Un pastel</b>	A pastry	<b>Té</b>	Tea
<b>Carne</b>	Meat	<b>Un flan</b>	Custard

• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Una reina</b>	A queen	<b>La comida</b>	The meal
<b>La propina</b>	The tip	<b>Fortuna</b>	Fortune
<b>Mi prima</b>	My cousin	<b>Una sopa</b>	A soup
<b>Legumbres</b>	Vegetables	<b>Ensalada</b>	Salad
<b>Fruta</b>	Fruit	<b>Pobrecita</b>	Poor thing
<b>Contenta</b>	Happy	<b>Gorda</b>	Fat
<b>Otra vez</b>	Again	<b>Querida hermana</b>	Dear sister
<b>Sin vergüenza</b>	Shameless	<b>Papas fritas</b>	Chips
<b>Esa comida</b>	That food	<b>En ayunas</b>	Fasting

• **Vocabulary:**

<b>Sin dinero</b>	Without money	<b>Ayer</b>	Yesterday
<b>Por eso</b>	That's why	<b>Hoy</b>	Today
<b>Porque</b>	Because	<b>Por qué?</b>	Why
<b>Por tres</b>	For three	<b>Aquí</b>	Here
<b>Verdad?</b>	Right	<b>Algo</b>	Something

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

**A new tense: preterit**, past historic, passé défini: used to describe past-or a succession of past actions. **New endings:** regular verbs:

I had...

**Haber:** hube-hubiste-hubo-hubimos-hubisteis-hubieron

I was

**Estar:** estuve-estuviste-estuvo-estuvimos-estuvisteis-estuviero

I spoke...

**Hablar:** **hablé**-hablaste-habló-hablamos-hablasteis-hablaron

I ate...

**Comer:** **comí**-comiste-comió-comimos-comisteis-comieron

I lived...

**Vivir:** **viví**-viviste-vivió-vivimos-vivis-vivieron

<b>Ayer comí</b>	Yesterday I ate
<b>Salí a cenar</b>	I went out to eat
<b>Pagué</b>	I paid
<b>Dónde comiste?</b>	Where did you eat
<b>Llevé a mi prima a comer</b>	I took my cousin out to eat
<b>Qué comieron?</b>	What did you eat
<b>Empezamos con una sopa de legumbres</b>	We began with vegetable soup
<b>Susana escogió el pollo</b>	Susana chose chicken
<b>Yo probé uno de los platos de pescado</b>	I tried one of the fish dishes

<b>Tomaron</b> algo más?	Did you have anything else
<b>Comimos</b> arroz	We ate rice
<b>Bebimos</b> vino	We drank wine
<b>Tomamos</b> fruta	We had fruit
Ayer <b>comiste</b> como una reina	Yesterday you ate like a queen
<b>Perdí</b> mucho peso	I lost a lot of weight
Hoy <b>desayunaste</b> aquí en casa	Today you had breakfast here at home
Qué <b>comiste</b> ?	What did you eat
<b>Tomé</b> huevos	I had eggs
Qué <b>tomaste</b> en el almuerzo?	What did you have for lunch
<b>Comí</b> solamente una ensalada	I just had a salad
No <b>cenaste</b> ?	You didn't have dinner
<b>Tomé</b> algo	I had something
Cómo <b>aumentaste</b> de peso entonces?	How did you gain weight then

Isabel a...

7. Isabel b...

Derivatives

<b>Viven</b>	Alive, live	<b>Edificio</b>	Edifice
<b>Deprimida</b>	Depressed	<b>Problema</b>	Problem
<b>Escalera</b>	Escalator	<b>Anuncio</b>	Announcement
<b>Operarias</b>	Operators	<b>Fábrica</b>	Fabricate
<b>Solicitar</b>	Solicit	<b>Empleo</b>	Employment
<b>Interesa</b>	Interest	<b>Remedio</b>	Remedy
<b>Ganar</b>	Gain	<b>Fácil</b>	Facilitate
<b>Cierto</b>	Certain	<b>Difícil</b>	Difficult
<b>Tragedia</b>	Tragedy	<b>Sueldo</b>	Salary
<b>Importa</b>	Important		

• **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Trabajo</b>	I work	<b>Edificio</b>	Building
<b>Muchos anuncios</b>	Many ads	<b>Empleo</b>	Employment
<b>Todo el santo día</b>	The whole darn day	<b>Cuatro hijos</b>	Four sons
<b>Remedio</b>	Remedy	<b>El dinero</b>	The money
<b>Tus padres</b>	Your parents	<b>Un sueldo</b>	Wages
<b>Duro</b>	Hard	<b>Tres años</b>	Three years
<b>El español</b>	Spanish	<b>El lugar</b>	The place
<b>Al lado de</b>	Next to	<b>El mismo</b>	The same

• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Deprimida</b>	Depressed	<b>Su amiga Lidia</b>	Her friend Lidia
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<b>La escalera</b>	The stairs	<b>La puerta</b>	The door
<b>Una fábrica</b>	A factory	<b>Operarias</b>	Operators
<b>Las faldas</b>	The skirts	<b>Esa máquina de coser</b>	That sewing machine
<b>Por semana</b>	Per week	<b>Mis hijas</b>	My daughters
<b>Mi mamá</b>	My mother	<b>La prima</b>	The cousin
<b>Qué tragedia</b>	What a tragedy		

• **Vocabulary:**

<b>Bastante</b>	Enough	<b>Después</b>	Afterwards
<b>Sin trabajo</b>	Without work	<b>Enero</b>	January
<b>Hoy</b>	Today	<b>Dónde?</b>	Where
<b>Cerca</b>	Nearby	<b>De veras</b>	Really
<b>Todo el día</b>	All day	<b>Allá</b>	Over there
<b>Fácil</b>	Easy	<b>Cierto</b>	Certain
<b>Difícil</b>	Difficult	<b>Cuanto antes</b>	As soon as possible
<b>Conmigo</b>	With me	<b>También</b>	Also
<b>Aún si</b>	Even if		

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

<b>Viven en el mismo edificio</b>	They live in the same building
<b>Isabel está bastante deprimida</b>	Isabel is quite depressed

<b>No tiene trabajo</b>	She's unemployed, she has no work
<b>Quiere contarle</b>	She wants to tell her

**note:** indirect object pronoun. Le – to him, to her, to it!

<b>Llama a la puerta</b>	She knocks on the door
<b>Llamar</b>	To call
<b>Me llamo Juán</b>	My name is Juan
<b>Llama a la puerta</b>	He knocks on the door
<b>Lidia pregunta quién es</b>	Lidia asks who it is
<b>Abrir: abre la puerta</b>	She opens the door
<b>Te digo</b>	I tell you

I say, I tell...

**Decir:** digo-dices-dice-decimo-decís-dicen

I said

dije-dijiste-dijo-dijimos-dijisteis-dijeron

<b>No puedo más</b>	I can't take it anymore
<b>Poder-pudiendo- podido</b>	To be able to- being able to
<b>Podido</b>	Been able to

I can...

Puedo-puedes-puede-podemos-podéis-pueden (stem changing verb)

I could...

**pude**-pudiste-pudo-podimos-podiste**is**-pudieron

<b>Estoy sin trabajo</b>	I am without work
<b>Espera</b>	Wait

<b>Te doy</b>	I give you
<b>Dar-dando-dado</b>	To give-giving-given

I give...

doy-das-da-damos-daís-dan

I gave

di-diste-dio-dimos-disteis-dieron

<b>Vi que tiene muchos anuncios</b>	I saw that it has many ads
<b>Ver- viendo- visto</b>	To see – seeing – seen

I see...

veo-ves-ve-vemos-veis-ven

I saw: vi-viste-vio-vimos-visteis-vieron

<b>Aquí veo uno</b>	I see one here
<b>Dice que buscan</b>	It says that they're looking for
<b>Dónde queda esa fábrica?</b>	Where's that factory
<b>Está cerca</b>	It's nearby
<b>Voy a solicitar empleo</b>	I'm going to apply
<b>No me gusta</b>	I don't like it
<b>Que más da?</b>	What's the difference
<b>No me queda más remedio</b>	I don't have any choice
<b>Estar-estando-estado</b>	To be-being-been

I was...

estuve-estuviste-estuvo-estuvimos-estuvisteis-estuvieron

<b>Haber-habiendo-habido</b>	To have-having-had
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I had...

hubo-hubiste-hubo-hubimos-hubisteis-hubieron

<b>Ganar: gana un sueldo</b>	She earns a salary
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<b>Está sentada al lado de María</b>	She sits next to Maria
<b>Me parece</b>	I think, it seems to me
<b>No me importa</b>	I don't care
<b>Nos pagan todas las semanas</b>	They pay us every week
<b>Quándo llegaste a?</b>	When did you arrive in

**Llegar:** regular preterit like hablar:

I spoke...

**Hablé**-hablaste-habló-hablamos-hablasteis-hablaron

<b>Tú sabes</b>	You know
<b>Hay que venir a</b>	You have to come to...
<b>Yo quiero volver</b>	I want to go back
<b>Dejar: <b>dejé</b> a mis hijas allá</b>	I left my daughter there
<b>Están mejor allá</b>	They're better off there
<b>Con quien vivo</b>	With whom I live
<b>Le contestan a su mamá en inglés</b>	They answer their mother in English

**Note: le:** indirect object pronoun for him and her; not used in English.

<b>En el lugar donde <b>nacimos</b></b>	In the place where we were born
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**Note: donde**(where) **but dónde está?**(where is?)

**Nacer:** preterit like **comer**(to eat):

I ate...

**Comí**-comiste-comió-comimos-comisteis-comieron

## Los señores Casona

## 8. Les encanta Cartagena

### Derivatives

<b>Vacaciones</b>	Vacancy	<b>Puerto</b>	Port
<b>Viaje</b>	Voyage	<b>Explicar</b>	Explain
<b>Costa</b>	Coast	<b>Absoluto</b>	Absolute
<b>Grados</b>	Grades	<b>Estatua</b>	Statue
<b>Interesante</b>	Interesting	<b>Pensar</b>	Pensive
<b>Encontrar</b>	Encounter	<b>Maravillosa</b>	Marvellous
<b>Temperatura</b>	Temperature	<b>Fundar</b>	Foundation
<b>Impresión</b>	Impression	<b>Celebrar</b>	Celebrate
<b>Independencia</b>	Independency	<b>Partes</b>	Parts
<b>Flores</b>	Florist	<b>Acuerdo</b>	Accord
<b>Música</b>	Music	<b>Rápido</b>	Rapid
<b>Servir</b>	Serve	<b>Sol</b>	Solar
<b>Fiesta</b>	Feast	<b>Guía</b>	Guide
<b>Esposo</b>	Spouse	<b>Encantar</b>	Enchant
<b>Parte</b>	Part		

- **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Los señores</b>	The gentlemen	<b>Los señores</b>	Mr&Mrs
		<b>Casona</b>	Casona
<b>Capital</b>	Capital	<b>Algunos días</b>	A few days
<b>Un puerto colombiano</b>	A Columbian Port	<b>Su esposo</b>	Her husband
<b>El viaje</b>	Voyage	<b>El calor</b>	The heat
<b>El tiempo</b>	The weather	<b>Todos los días</b>	Every day
<b>Impermeable</b>	Raincoat	<b>El sol</b>	The sun
<b>Los esposos</b>	Husband and	<b>El avión</b>	The plane

	wife		
<b>El siglo</b>	Century	<b>Los Españoles</b>	The Spaniards
<b>El once</b>	The eleventh		

• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>La esposa</b>	The wife	<b>La costa</b>	The coast
<b>Una guía</b>	A guidebook	<b>La plaza</b>	The square
<b>La aduana</b>	Customs	<b>Una estatua</b>	A statue
<b>La ciudad</b>	The city	<b>La temperatura</b>	The temperature
<b>Maravillosa</b>	Wonderful	<b>La impresión</b>	The impression
<b>Mil cosas</b>	A thousand things	<b>La gente</b>	People
<b>Las flores</b>	The flowers	<b>Las calles</b>	The streets
<b>Por todas partes</b>	Everywhere	<b>La fiesta</b>	Feast
<b>La fecha</b>	The date		

• **Vocabulary:**

<b>Sin embargo</b>	However	<b>Es cierto</b>	It's true
<b>Por lo menos</b>	At least	<b>Demasiado</b>	Too much
<b>En seguida</b>	Immediately	<b>A propósito</b>	By the way
<b>Qué suerte</b>	How lucky	<b>Por eso</b>	That's why
<b>Pero antes</b>	But first	<b>De acuerdo</b>	O.K.

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

<b>Están de vacaciones</b>	They are on vacation
<b>La esposa quiere pasar</b>	The wife wants to spend
<b>Su esposo no quiere ir</b>	Her husband doesn't want to go
<b>Qué terco eres</b>	How stubborn you are
<b>Te lo <b>expliqué</b> ayer</b>	I explained that to you yesterday

<b>No aguanto</b>	I can't stand
<b>El tiempo que hace aquí</b>	The weather here
<b>No estás harto de él?</b>	Aren't you tired of it
<b>Me encanta así</b>	I love it like this
<b>Hace catorce grados</b>	It's fourteen degrees
<b>Nos hace falta</b>	We need
<b>Está nublado</b>	It's cloudy
<b>No hace sol</b>	It's not sunny
<b>No hace calor</b>	It isn't hot
<b>Comprar</b>	To buy
<b><b>Compré</b></b>	I bought
<b>La guía</b>	The guidebook
<b>Te la voy a enseñar</b>	I'm going show it to you
<b>Vamos si tú quieres</b>	We'll go if you want to
<b>Volver</b>	To return; stem change verb
<b>Vuelvo</b>	I come back
<b>Toman el avión para Cartagena</b>	They take the plane to Cartagena
<b>Los encontramos</b>	We find them
<b>Al señor Casona le encanta la</b>	Mr Casona loves the city

<b>ciudad</b>	
<b>Sabes?</b>	Do you know
<b>Tengo la impresión</b>	I have the impression
<b>Fundar</b>	To found; preterit like hablar
<b>Fundaron la ciudad</b>	They founded the city
<b>Qué fecha es hoy?</b>	What date is it today
<b>La fiesta. Cómo la celebran?</b>	How do they celebrate it
<b>Oír</b>	To hear
<b>Oigo música</b>	I hear music
<b>Pedir</b>	To ask, to order
<b>Pido</b>	I ask
<b>Seguimos</b>	We follow
<b>Qué te parece?</b>	What do you think
<b>Si tomamos algo</b>	If we have something to drink
<b>Si nos los sirven rápido</b>	If they serve them to us quickly
<b>Vamos a pedir dos cafés</b>	Let's order two coffees

**Salcedo a**

**9. Salcedo b**

**Derivatives**

<b>Celebrar</b>	Celebrate	<b>Familia</b>	Family
<b>Sonar</b>	Sound	<b>Incendio</b>	Incendiary
<b>Horror</b>	Horror	<b>Entrar</b>	Enter
<b>Comenzar</b>	Commence	<b>Cocina</b>	Kitchen
<b>Noticia</b>	Notice	<b>Aumento</b>	Augment
<b>Sueldo</b>	Salary	<b>Bife</b>	Beef
<b>Botella</b>	Bottle	<b>Champaña</b>	Champagne
<b>Estupendo</b>	Stupendous		

• **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Un restaurante</b>	A restaurant	<b>Todos los Salcedo</b>	All the Salcedos
<b>El santo</b>	Saint's day	<b>El ascenso</b>	The promotion
<b>Del día siguiente</b>	Of the following day	<b>El teléfono</b>	The telephone
<b>El periódico</b>	The newspaper	<b>Un incendio</b>	A fire
<b>El lugar</b>	The place	<b>Los bomberos</b>	The firefighters
<b>Del mismo barrio</b>	In the same neighbourhood	<b>Gerente de ventas</b>	Sales manager
<b>Un aumento de sueldo</b>	A raise	<b>Los mejores platos italianos</b>	The best Italian dishes
<b>Muchos regalos</b>	Many gifts		

• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>La hija</b>	The daughter	<b>De la mañana</b>	In the morning
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<b>Muchísimas gracias</b>	Thanks a lot	<b>La cocina</b>	The kitchen
<b>La cena</b>	Dinner	<b>Su amiga</b>	Her friend
<b>Dos semanas</b>	Two weeks	<b>La empresa</b>	The firm
<b>Qué buena noticia</b>	What good news	<b>La comida</b>	The meal
<b>Una botella</b>	A bottle	<b>En llamas</b>	In flames

- **Vocabulary:**

<b>Como siempre</b>	As usual, always	<b>A qué hora?</b>	What time
<b>La una menos cuarto</b>	A quarter to one	<b>Anoche</b>	Last night

- **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

I leave...

**Salir:** salgo-sales-sale-salimos-salís-salen

<b>La familia salió</b>	The family went out
<b>El ascenso que consiguió el papá</b>	The promotion the father got
<b>Llamar</b>	To call
<b>Qué bueno que llamaste</b>	How nice of you to call
<b>Llamé para felicitarte</b>	I called to congratulate you
<b>Eres muy amable</b>	You're very kind
<b>Fueron al Venecia anoche</b>	You went to the Venetia last night

I went...

**Ir or ser:** fui-fuiste-fue-fuimos-fuiste**is**-fueron.

Qué tal lo <b>pasaron</b> ?	Did you have a good time
<b>Leíste</b> el periódico de hoy?	Did you read today's newspaper
Un incendio <b>acabó</b> con el lugar	A fire destroyed the place
<b>Acabar</b>	To finish
Cómo <b>pudieron</b> salir?	How did you manage to get out

I could...

pude-pudiste-pudo-pudimos-pudiste**is**-pudieron

Es que ni entramos	As a matter of fact we never got in
Al salir del metro <b>vimos</b> el restaurante en llamas	When we got out of the subway, we saw the restaurant in flames

I saw...

**Ver:** vi-viste-vio-vimos-viste**is**-vieron

Les <b>dijeron</b> que <b>pasó</b> ?	Did they tell you what happened
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I said...

**decir:** dije-dijiste-dijo-dijimos-dijiste**is**-dijeron

El incendio <b>comenzó</b>	The fire started
Loli le pregunta a su amiga si <b>volvieron</b> a casa	Loli asks her friend if they returned home

I return...

**volver:** vuelvo-vuelves-vuelve-volvemos-volvé**is**-vuelven



## 10. Los hermanos Ruiz

### 10 una manifestación

#### 35 Derivatives

<b>Visita</b>	Visit	<b>Magnífico</b>	Magnificent
<b>Negocio</b>	Negotiate	<b>Próspero</b>	Prosperous
<b>Abierta</b>	Aperture	<b>Ejemplo</b>	Example
<b>Clientes</b>	Clients	<b>Ceniceros</b>	Cinderella
<b>Mejor</b>	Major	<b>Razón</b>	Reason
<b>Mayor</b>	Major	<b>Ayuda</b>	Aid
<b>Años</b>	Annual	<b>Número</b>	Number
<b>Turistas</b>	Tourists	<b>Aumenta</b>	Augment
<b>Quitar</b>	Quit	<b>Paciencia</b>	Patience
<b>Política</b>	Political	<b>Manifestación</b>	Manifestation
<b>Menor</b>	Minor	<b>Capital</b>	Capital
<b>Comienza</b>	Commence	<b>Abierto</b>	Aperture
<b>Motivo</b>	Motive	<b>Cuentan</b>	Count
<b>Falta</b>	Fault	<b>Derechos</b>	Rights
<b>Permitir</b>	Permit	<b>Ejemplo</b>	Example
<b>La policía</b>	The police	<b>Violencia</b>	Violence
<b>Gobierno</b>	Government	<b>Intención</b>	Intention
		<b>Protestar</b>	Protest

- **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Los hermanos</b>	The brothers	<b>Dos años</b>	Two years
<b>Dinero</b>	Money	<b>Un café</b>	Café
<b>Su pueblo</b>	Their town	<b>Su primo</b>	Their cousin
<b>Un negocio próspero</b>	A prosperous business	<b>Está abierto todos los días</b>	It's open every day
<b>Por ejemplo</b>	For example	<b>Los vasos</b>	The glasses
<b>Los ceniceros</b>	The ashtrays	<b>Dueños</b>	Owners

## **vuestro café es magnífico y está lleno de gente**

your café is magnificent and it's full of people

<b>Mi hijo mayor</b>	My oldest son	<b>El número</b>	The number
<b>Mucho éxito</b>	Very successful	<b>Turista</b>	Tourist:m&f
<b>El divorcio</b>	The divorce	<b>Miedo</b>	Afraid
<b>El motivo</b>	The motive	<b>Sus derechos</b>	Their rights
<b>Hace algunos años</b>	A few years ago	<b>Algunos obreros</b>	Some workers
<b>A favor del divorcio</b>	In favour of divorce	<b>El gobierno</b>	The government
<b>Peligro</b>	Danger		

### • **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>La gente</b>	The people	<b>Tiene suerte</b>	You're lucky
<b>La semana pasada</b>	Last week	<b>Una bandeja</b>	A tray
<b>Nuestras</b>	Our families	<b>Turista</b>	Tourist;m&f

<b>familias</b>			
<b>Mucha sed</b>	Very thirsty	<b>La paciencia</b>	The patience
<b>La hija menor</b>	The youngest daughter	<b>La abuela</b>	The grandmother
<b>Su nieta</b>	Her granddaughter	<b>Con mucha prisa</b>	Very hurriedly
<b>La cárcel</b>	Jail	<b>Una manifestación</b>	A demonstration
<b>La política</b>	Politics	<b>La policía</b>	The police
<b>Las huelgas</b>	The strikes	<b>Palabra</b>	My word, I promise

• **Vocabulary:**

<b>Por lo menos</b>	At least	<b>Ahora</b>	Now, at this hour
<b>Allí</b>	Over there	<b>Primero</b>	First it was
<b>Y ahora qué?</b>	And now what		

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

<b>Vuelvo</b>	I return	<b>Vuelven</b>	They return
<b>Volvieron</b>	They returned		

<b>Pasaron dos años</b>	They spent two years
<b>Les fue difícil allí</b>	It was difficult for them there

I was...

**Ser:** fui-fuiste-fue-fuimos-fuisteis-fueron

<b>Montaron un café</b>	They opened up a café
<b>Sergio está de visita</b>	Sergio is visiting
<b>Está lleno de gente</b>	It's full of people
<b>Tenéis suerte</b>	You're lucky

I have...

**Tener:** tengo-tienes-tiene-tenemos-teneis-tienen

<b>No se ve</b>	But you can't see
<b>El trabajo que hace falta</b>	The work that's needed
<b>Está abierto todos los días</b>	It's open every day
<b>Se gana</b>	You do earn money
<b>Pero se gasta mucho también</b>	But you spend a lot too
<b>Se me cayó</b>	I dropped

I fall...

**Caer**-caigo-caes-cae-caemos-caéis-caen

I fell...

caí-caíste-cayó-caímos-caísteis-cayeron

<b>Romperse</b>	To break
<b>Se rompieron</b>	They broke
<b>Unos clientes nos robaron todos los ceniceros</b>	Some customers stole all our ashtrays
<b>Os va mejor</b>	It's going better for you
<b>Ahora sois dueños de un café</b>	Now you are the owners of a

	café
--	------

I am...

**Ser:** soy-eres-es-somos-sois-son

<b>Tienes razón</b>	You're right
<b>Mi hijo mayor nos ayuda</b>	My oldest son helps us
<b>Ya tiene quince años</b>	He's already fifteen
<b>Creo que vais a tener mucho éxito aquí</b>	I think that you're going to be very successful here

I go...

**Ir:** voy-vas-va-vamos-vais-van

<b>Se dice</b>	They say
<b>Tienen mucho sed</b>	They are very thirsty
<b>Quando llegan aqui</b>	When they come here
<b>Si no nos quitan los ceniceros</b>	If they don't take our ashtrays away
<b>Y si no se os acaba la paciencia</b>	And if you don't run out of patience
<b>Acabar</b>	To finish
<b>Vamos</b>	Let's go
<b>Tengo hambre</b>	I'm hungry
<b>A ver si me servís algo bueno</b>	Let's see if you can serve me something good

**Steve clayton**

## **11. En el museo**

**Derivatives**

<b>Pirámides</b>	Pyramids	<b>Estudiante</b>	Student
<b>Curso</b>	Course	<b>Interesar</b>	Interest
<b>Civilización</b>	Civilisation	<b>Excelente</b>	Excellent
<b>Agricultor</b>	Agriculture	<b>Fines</b>	Finish
<b>Arquitectura</b>	Architecture	<b>Construir</b>	Construct
<b>Cierto</b>	Certain	<b>Cultivar</b>	Cultivate
<b>Cacao</b>	Cocoa	<b>Museo</b>	Museum
<b>Nacional</b>	National	<b>Siguiente</b>	Sequence
<b>Sección</b>	Section	<b>Atención</b>	Attention
<b>Extraordinario</b>	Extraordinary	<b>Calendario</b>	Calendar
<b>Influencia</b>	Influence	<b>Cultura</b>	Culture
<b>Enorme</b>	Enormous	<b>Librería</b>	Library
<b>Idea</b>	Idea	<b>Arte</b>	Art
<b>Perfecto</b>	Perfect	<b>Escalera</b>	Escalator
<b>Impresionante</b>	Impressive	<b>Antigua</b>	Antique
<b>Avenida</b>	Advanced	<b>Juzgar</b>	Judge

• **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Un estudiante</b>	A student	<b>Cursos</b>	Courses
<b>Un amigo</b>	A friend	<b>Un verano</b>	A summer
<b>Del sol</b>	Of the sun	<b>El libro</b>	The book
<b>El siglo primero</b>	The first century	<b>Agricultores</b>	Farmers
<b>El frijo</b>	Beans	<b>El algodón</b>	Cotton
<b>El maíz</b>	Corn	<b>El cacao</b>	Cocoa beans

<b>El museo</b>	The museum	<b>Al día siguiente</b>	The next day
<b>El bosque</b>	The bush	<b>El árbol</b>	The tree
<b>El café</b>	Coffee	<b>Los mejores del mundo</b>	The best in the world
<b>El calendario</b>	Calendar	<b>El arte</b>	The art
<b>Los indios</b>	The Indians	<b>Al fondo</b>	Downstairs
<b>Su nombre</b>	Its name		

- **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Las pirámides</b>	The pyramids	<b>Las culturas</b>	The cultures
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**pirámidas tan grandes, muy antiguas y impresionantes**  
(pyramids so big very old and impressive)

<b>La luna</b>	The moon	<b>Una civilización avanzada</b>	An advanced civilisation
<b>Arquitectura</b>	Architecture	<b>Hermosa</b>	Beautiful
<b>Salas hermosísimas</b>	Very beautiful rooms	<b>Su visita</b>	After their visit
<b>Las cosas</b>	The things	<b>Muchas veces</b>	Many times
<b>La sección maya</b>	The Mayan section	<b>La atención</b>	The attention
<b>Las salas</b>	The rooms	<b>La cultura Mexicana</b>	The Mexican culture
<b>La librería</b>	The library	<b>Algunas</b>	Some post

		<b>tarjetas postales</b>	cards
<b>Buena idea</b>	Good idea	<b>La escalera</b>	The staircase

• **Vocabulary:**

<b>Delante de la pirámida</b>	In front of the pyramid	<b>Alredor del siglo dos</b>	Around the second century
<b>Casi</b>	Almost	<b>En aquel entonces</b>	At that time
<b>Después de</b>	After	<b>Sobre todo</b>	Especially
<b>El museo mismo</b>	The museum itself	<b>El mismo</b>	The same
<b>Hasta la vista</b>	See you later	<b>Hasta mañana</b>	Til tomorrow
<b>Abajo</b>	Downstairs	<b>Ahora mismo</b>	Right now
<b>Pronto</b>	Soon	<b>Sobre la mesa</b>	On the table

**los libros sobre el arte de los indios**

(the book about the art of the Indians).

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

**decidió**(preterit like vivir): he decided, a finite past action



**Interesar: le interesaban**(interested him)  
imperfect tense for ongoing past actions.

I was speaking...

**Hablar:** hablaba-hablabas-hablaba-hablábamos-hablabais-hablaban

<b>Carlos llevó a Steve</b>	Carlos took Steve
<b>Los encontramos delante de la pirámide</b>	We find them in front of the pyramid
<b>Sabías qué las construyeron los toltecas?</b>	Did you know that the Toltecas built them

I was eating...

**Comer:** comía-comías-comía-comíamos-comíais-comían

<b>Lo supe ayer</b>	I found out yesterday
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I knew...

**Saber:** supe-supiste-supio-supimos-supisteis-supieron

<b>Leía</b>	I read
<b>Que me prestaste</b>	That you lent me
<b>Se construyó</b>	Was built
<b>Si no me recuerdo mal</b>	If I don't remember badly
<b>Terminarse: se terminó</b>	Was finished
<b>Hoy las vemos</b>	Today we see them
<b>Casi como eran</b>	Almost how they were

**ser**(imperfect): era-eras-era-éramos-erais-eran

<b>Tener: tenían</b>	They had
<b>Tuvieron</b>	They had
<b>Cultivar: cultivaban</b>	They grew
<b>Invitó a Steve</b>	He invited Steve

<b>Caminaban</b>	They walked
<b>Le enseñó a su amigo</b>	He showed his friend

I could...

**Poder**(preterit): pude-pudiste-pudo-pudimos-pudisteis-pudieron

<b>No pude ver</b>	I didn't get to see
<b>Querer: quería</b>	I wanted
<b>Pienso</b>	I intend, think
<b>Qué te gustó más?</b>	What did you like best, more
<b>Pero me llamó mucho la atención el calendario</b>	But the calendar impressed me a lot
<b>Llamar</b>	To call
<b>Qué te parecieron las salas que vimos</b>	What did you think of the rooms we saw
<b>(ir)vamos</b>	Let's go
<b>Fue enorme</b>	Was enormous
<b>Oye, debemos pasar</b>	Listen, we must go
<b>Se cierra pronto</b>	It closes soon
<b>Dónde queda-donde está?</b>	Where is it

## 12. A Spanish worker in France

## Consult my Spanish Grammar in a Nutshell

**1. My name is Álvarez Báez. I was born in a village of Andalucía in 1948.**

**Note: preterit is used for instant past actions**

**2. I am married and father of four children.**

**3. I lived in my village all my life til 1973, when I left for France to find employment.**

**4. It was almost impossible for me to earn enough money in Spain.**

**5. The men in my family always worked in the fruit-and vegetable harvest, but each year there was less work.**

**Note: The imperfect tense is used for ongoing past actions**

**6. I arrived in Paris the 8<sup>th</sup> of January.**

**7. How can I forget that day?**

**8. It was eleven o'clock at night when I got off the train.**

**9. The weather was bad, it was raining and very cold.**

**10.I walked the streets of the city til 6 in the morning.**

11.My God, how sleepy I was! But I was lucky.

**12.When I passed a café that seemed very poor looking, I heard voices that spoke Spanish.**

13.I entered and recognised some Spanish workmen.

**14.They were nice to me. They invited me to come and live with them.**

15.They took me to the factory where they worked.

**16.I applied for a job there and they gave it to me.**

17.Months passed and life was very difficult for me.

**18.The weather was bad almost every day and not very hot in summer.**

19.I could't stand the cold.

**20. I didn't like the food very much because it wasn't like the Spanish food, and I didn't speak a single word of French.**

21. I tried not to spend my money. I wanted to go back to Spain with money.

**22. I was very lonely. I missed my wife and my parents very much.**

23. But I didn't go back for more than three years, because I earned well and because I sent money to my wife and to my parents.

**23. But after three years in France, I decided to go back to Andalucía. I couldn't stand being abroad any longer.**

24. That was in November 1976, a year after Franco died.

**25. I found my country changed a lot.**

26. A different course in politics and more freedom.

**27. The press was uncensored like the French press.**

28. There were elections with many parties that couldn't participate in politics before.

**29. With the money I brought (back) from France, I opened a small restaurant that is called "The Inn of Don José."**

30. They all say that, in it, very tasty dishes are being served.

**31. Now I hope that I can earn enough in my own country, in Andalucía where I was born.**

32. And that one day, I can send my children to university.

**33. They are not going to have to do the jobs their father did.**

34. They will never have to go to another country to work.

**35. I had a bad time in France, but with the money I earned there, I got my family out of misery.**

36. And that is something, don't you think?

## Pete complains

### 13. Los García

#### 36 derivatives

<b>Situación</b>	Situation	<b>Estudiar</b>	Study
<b>Literatura</b>	Literature	<b>junio</b>	June
<b>Matriculación</b>	Matriculation	<b>Costumbres</b>	Custom
<b>Se reúne</b>	Reunite	<b>Problema</b>	Problem
<b>Tratar</b>	Treat	<b>Amable</b>	Amiable
<b>Comprender</b>	Comprehend	<b>Igual</b>	Equal
<b>Perfectamente</b>	Perfectly	<b>Tipo</b>	Type
<b>Sofá</b>	Sofa	<b>Cámara</b>	Camera
<b>Entrar</b>	Enter	<b>Exámen</b>	Exam
<b>Extranjeros</b>	Strangers	<b>Decepcionado</b>	Deceptive
<b>Paciencia</b>	Patience	<b>Invitar</b>	Invite
<b>Dormitorio</b>	Dormitory	<b>Ofendere</b>	Offend
<b>Calmarse</b>	Calm down	<b>Persona</b>	Person
<b>Raro</b>	Rare	<b>Ganar</b>	Gain
<b>Encontrar</b>	Encounter	<b>Terminar</b>	Terminate
<b>Difícil</b>	Difficult	<b>Venir</b>	Venue
<b>Tremendos</b>	Tremendous	<b>Toalla</b>	Towel
<b>Criado</b>	Created	<b>Fastidio</b>	Fastidious
		<b>Incómodo</b>	Uncomfortable

• **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>El problema</b>	The problem	<b>El poeta</b>	The poet
<b>Un rato</b>	For a while	<b>El sofá</b>	The sofa
<b>El baño</b>	The bathroom	<b>El tipo</b>	The guy
<b>Los niños</b>	The children	<b>Qué niños más tremendos</b>	What terrible kids
<b>Mi cuarto</b>	My room	<b>Qué mal criados saldrán</b>	What spoiled brats-how ill-bred-they'll turn out to be
<b>Los extranjeros</b>	The foreigners	<b>Los exámenes</b>	The exams
<b>Los García están decepcionados</b>	The Garcías are disappointed	<b>Su dormitorio</b>	Their bedroom
<b>Otro estudiante extranjero</b>	Another foreign student	<b>Un poco raro</b>	A little strange
<b>Antipático</b>	Unpleasant	<b>Cuánto tiempo</b>	How long
<b>A lo mejor</b>	Maybe	<b>Otro baño</b>	Another bathroom
<b>Su peine</b>	His comb	<b>Incómodo</b>	Uncomfortable
<b>Sin zapatos</b>	Without shoes	<b>Mal criados</b>	Ill-bred
<b>Enojo</b>	Anger	<b>Enojado</b>	Angry



• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Su situación</b>	His situation	<b>Literatura</b>	Literature
<b>Una beca</b>	A scholarship	<b>Las costumbres</b>	The customs
<b>Las cosas</b>	Things	<b>Agua caliente</b>	Hot water
<b>Aqua fría</b>	Cold water	<b>La puerta</b>	The door
<b>Esta casa</b>	This house	<b>Mi cámara</b>	My camera
<b>Paciencia</b>	Patience	<b>La cómoda</b>	The chest of drawers
<b>Mi casa</b>	My house	<b>Las seis y media</b>	Half past six
<b>La mañana</b>	In the morning	<b>Una mala idea</b>	A bad idea
<b>La próxima vez</b>	Next time	<b>Buena persona</b>	A nice person
<b>Sin bata</b>	Without robe	<b>Te das cuenta</b>	Do you realise
<b>Sin camisa</b>	Without shirt	<b>Su toalla</b>	His towel
<b>Paciencia</b>	Patience		

• **Vocabulary:**

<b>Antes</b>	Before	<b>Incómodo</b>	Uncomfortable
<b>Igual</b>	The same	<b>Nunca</b>	Never
<b>También</b>	Also	<b>Ayer</b>	Yesterday
<b>Cómo</b>	How	<b>Qué mal criado</b>	How ill-bred
<b>Mientras</b>	While	<b>Hace poco</b>	A short while ago
<b>A lo mejor</b>	Maybe	<b>Hasta</b>	Until

<b>Sin</b>	Without	<b>Difícil</b>	Difficult
<b>También</b>	Also	<b>Qué fastidio</b>	What a nuisance

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

<b>Quejarse: Pete se queja de</b>	Pete complains about
<b>Ganó una beca</b>	He won a scholarship
<b>Se matriculó</b>	He enrolled
<b>Vivir: vive</b>	He lives
<b>No sabía</b>	He didn't know
<b>Antes de llegar</b>	Before coming
<b>Andar</b>	To walk, to go
<b>Las cosas andan mal</b>	Things are going badly
<b>Pete se reúne con su amigo</b>	Pete gets together with his friend
<b>Me siento muy incómodo</b>	I feel very uncomfortable
<b>Te comprendo perfectamente</b>	I understand you perfectly
<b>A mí me pasa igual</b>	The same is happening to me
<b>No me llevo muy bien</b>	I don't get along very well
<b>Tratan de ser amables</b>	They try to be nice
<b>Sabes?</b>	You know
<b>Nunca hay</b>	There is never
<b>Quando quiere ducharme</b>	When I want to have a shower
<b>Me baño a veces</b>	I sometimes take a bath
<b>Ayer me eché un rato en el sofá para leer</b>	Yesterday I lay down on the sofa for a while to read
<b>Echarse, acostarse</b>	To lie down

<b>Cómo me miró la señora</b>	What a look Mrs Lopez gave me
<b>Hoy el señor estaba en el baño</b>	Imperfect
<b>Estar- estando- estado</b>	To be- being- been

I was...

Imperfect: estaba-estabas-estaba-estábamos-estábais-estaban

<b>Yo llamé a la puerta</b>	I knocked on the door
<b>Llamar</b>	to call
<b>Le pregunté que cuando salía</b>	I asked him when he was coming out
<b>Cómo se enojó el tipo!</b>	How angry the guy got
<b>Enojarse</b>	To get angry
<b>Enojo</b>	Anger
<b>Ayer entraron en mi cuarto</b>	Yesterday, they got into my room
<b>Sacaron mi cámara</b>	They took my camera
<b>No saben tratar</b>	They don't know how to treat
<b>Salir</b>	To go out, to leave
<b>Qué mal criados saldrán!</b>	What spoiled brats they'll turn out to be
<b>Yo no me quedaría un día más</b>	I wouldn't stay even one more day

I'll leave...

**Salir:** saldré-saldrás...saldrán

I shall speak...

**Hablar:** hablaré-hablarás-hablará-hablaremos-hablaréis-hablarán

I would speak...

Hablaría-hablarías-hablaría-hablaríamos-hablaríais-hablarían

<b>Quedarse</b>	To stay
<b>No me quedaría</b>	I wouldn't stay
<b>Ir- yendo- ido</b>	To go- going- gone
<b>Yo me iría también</b>	I would leave too
<b>Tendremos que tomar los exámenes</b>	We will have to take our exams
<b>Los García están decepcionados con</b>	The Garcías are disappointed with
<b>Acaban de despertarse</b>	They(have) just awakened
<b>Se lavan y se arreglan</b>	They wash and get ready
<b>Nunca invitaré a otro estudiante</b>	I'll never invite another student
<b>Te dije que sería una mala idea</b>	I told you that it would be a bad idea
<b>Decir- diciendo- dicho</b>	To say- saying- said

I say...

**decir:** dijo-dices-dice-decimos-decís-dicen

I said...

dije-dijiste-dijo-dijimos-dijisteis-dijeron

<b>Me harás caso</b>	You'll pay attention to me
<b>Hacer- haciendo- hecho</b>	To make- making- made
<b>Debes calmarte</b>	You should calm down
<b>Si Pete te oye</b>	If Pete hears you
<b>Se ofenderá</b>	He'll be insulted

I'll eat...

**Comer:** comeré – comerás – comerá – comeremos-comeréis-comerán

I know...

**Saber:** sé – sabes – sabe-sabemos-sabéis-saben

<b>Yo lo encuentro antipático</b>	I find him unpleasant
<b>Hace poco estaba en el baño</b>	A short while ago I was in the bathroom
<b>Él vino</b>	He came

I came...

**Preterit:** vine-viniste-vino-vinimos-vinisteis-vinieron

To come coming come

**Venir -viniendo-venido**

Future: **vendré-vendras...vendrá-vendremos-vendréis-vendran**

<b>Preguntar: me preguntó</b>	He asked me
<b>Quanto tiempo yo tardaría</b>	How long I was going to take
<b>Te das cuenta</b>	Do you realise
<b>Dar</b>	To give
<b>Se quedó allí</b>	He stayed there
<b>Hasta que terminé</b>	Until I finished
<b>Te digo</b>	I tell you
<b>No vendrán más estudiantes a esta casa</b>	No more students will come to this house
<b>Irse: Pete se irá</b>	Pete will leave
<b>Pete tomará sus exámenes</b>	Pete will take his exams

# El temblor...

## 14.El Salvador...

### Derivatives

<b>Salvador</b>	Saviour	<b>Región</b>	Region
<b>diciembe</b>	December	<b>Vecino</b>	Vicinity
<b>Escapar</b>	Escape	<b>Cubiertas</b>	Covered
<b>Carro</b>	Car	<b>Cargar</b>	Charge
<b>Remedio</b>	Remedy	<b>Electricidad</b>	Electricity
<b>Perdido</b>	Perdition	<b>Destruida</b>	Destroyed
<b>Completamente</b>	Completely	<b>Oficina</b>	Office
<b>Sanos</b>	Sane	<b>Salvos</b>	Save
<b>Rebeldes</b>	Rebels	<b>Gobierno</b>	Government
<b>Rápido</b>	Rapid	<b>Importa</b>	Important
<b>Política</b>	Politics	<b>Tratar</b>	Treat
<b>Organizar</b>	Organise	<b>Vendido</b>	Vendor
<b>Cooperativa</b>	Cooperative	<b>Bosque</b>	Bush
<b>Soldados</b>	Soldiers	<b>Voz</b>	Voice

### • Masculine nouns and adjectives:

<b>El temblor</b>	The earthquake	<b>El barrio</b>	The district
<b>Muy fuerte</b>	Very strong	<b>Todos se han levantado muy asustados</b>	Everyone has gotten up very frightened
<b>El techo</b>	The roof	<b>Su vecino</b>	Their neighbour
<b>Tan espantoso</b>	So terrifying	<b>El sur</b>	south
<b>Escombros</b>	Rubble	<b>Ningun carro</b>	No car
<b>Remedio</b>	Remedy	<b>Todo el mundo</b>	everyone

<b>Fuego</b>	Fire	<b>Muertos y heridos</b>	The dead and wounded
<b>Después del año nuevo</b>	After New Year	<b>Nosotros estamos sanos</b>	We are safe
<b>Campeños</b>	Peasants	<b>Su pequeño pedazo de tierra</b>	Their little piece of land
<b>Tienen miedo</b>	The are afraid	<b>Este año</b>	This year
<b>Los campos</b>	The fields	<b>Los soldados</b>	The soldiers
<b>El pie</b>	The foot	<b>El gobierno</b>	The government
<b>El ruido</b>	The noise	<b>Disparos</b>	shots
<b>El campo</b>	The field	<b>Todos los hombres</b>	All the men
<b>El novio</b>	The boyfriend	<b>Por el amor de dios</b>	For God's sake!
<b>El bosque</b>	The woods		

- **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>A la una y media</b>	At half past one	<b>La mañana</b>	The morning
<b>Tres hijas</b>	Three daughters	<b>La voz</b>	The voice
<b>La ciudad</b>	The city	<b>En ruinas</b>	In ruins
<b>Las calles están cubiertas</b>	The streets are covered	<b>Las niñas</b>	The girls
<b>Aqua</b>	Water	<b>electricidad</b>	electricity
<b>Noche buena</b>	Christmas Eve	<b>Qué navidad tan dolorosa!</b>	What tragic Christmas
<b>Qué pesadilla!</b>	What a nightmare	<b>Managua está destruida</b>	Managua is destroyed
<b>Tu oficina</b>	Your office	<b>Muchas familias</b>	Many families
<b>Esa suerte</b>	That luck	<b>Una vida</b>	A dangerous

		<b>peligrosa</b>	life
<b>Su cosecha</b>	Their harvest	<b>Su región</b>	Their region
<b>Mi sobrina</b>	My niece	<b>Varias cosas</b>	Several things
<b>La cooperativa</b>	The cooperative		

• **Vocabulary:**

<b>Hacia</b>	Towards	<b>Ni..ni</b>	Neither nor
<b>Peligroso</b>	Dangerous	<b>Nada</b>	Nothing
<b>Lo mismo</b>	The same	<b>A lo lejos</b>	In the distance

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

<b>Hay un temblor muy fuerte</b>	There is a strong earthquake
<b>Todos se han levados</b>	Everyone has gotten up
<b>Logran salir de la casa</b>	They manage to get out of the house
<b>Antes de caerse el techo</b>	Shortly before the roof falls in
<b>De repente oyen la voz de su vecino</b>	Suddenly they hear the voice of their neighbour
<b>Que los llama</b>	Who calls to them
<b>Nunca he visto nada tan espantoso</b>	I've never seen anything so terrifying
<b>Hay que escaparse</b>	We must escape



<b>Las calles están cubiertas de escombros</b>	The streets are covered with rubble
<b>Ningun carro podrá pasar</b>	No car will be able to get through
<b>Tenemos que irnos a pie</b>	We have to walk
<b>Tendremos que cargar a las niñas</b>	We'll have to carry the girls
<b>No nos queda más remedio</b>	We have no alternative; it doesn't leave us much remedy.
<b>Todos el mundo se esapa hacia el sur</b>	Everyone is escaping south
<b>Managua está destruida</b>	Managua is destroyed
<b>Hemos perdido mucho</b>	We've lost a lot
<b>Tienen miedo de perder su cosecha</b>	They're afraid of losing their harvest
<b>Qué es ese ruido que oigo?</b>	What's that noise I hear
<b>Son disparos</b>	They're shots
<b>Tengo que trabajar</b>	I have to work
<b>Quándo podremos sembrar?</b>	When will we be able to sow
<b>No importa</b>	Never mind
<b>Se ha dicho</b>	It has been said
<b>Van a matar</b>	They're going to kill
<b>A mí no me querrán nada</b>	They won't want to do anything to me

I want...

**Querer:** quiero-quieres-quiere-queremos-queréis-quieren

I'll want...

Querré-querrás...querrán

<b>Que había hecho él?</b>	What had he done
<b>Hacer-haciendo-hecho</b>	To do-doing-done
<b>Trataba de organizar</b>	He tried to organise
<b>Por eso lo(le) fusilaron</b>	For that-that's why-they shot him
<b>Tú has vendido</b>	You've sold
<b>A ti te harán lo mismo</b>	They'll do the same thing to you
<b>A esconderte</b>	Go hide

**Dora...**

**15. Teri...**

### **41. Derivatives**

<b>Adaptado</b>	Adapt	<b>Posible</b>	Possible
<b>Acuerdo</b>	Accord	<b>Tradiciones</b>	Tradition
<b>Responsable</b>	Responsible	<b>Supermercados</b>	Supermarkets
<b>Necesito</b>	Necessary	<b>Mantener</b>	Maintain
<b>Ganar</b>	Gain	<b>Vida</b>	Vivid
<b>Abogado</b>	Advocate	<b>Encontrar</b>	Encounter
<b>Marido</b>	Married	<b>Ideas</b>	Ideas
<b>Modernas</b>	Modern	<b>Francamente</b>	Frankly
<b>Preferir</b>	Prefer	<b>Claro</b>	Clear
<b>Conservadora</b>	Conservative	<b>Único</b>	Unique
<b>Importa</b>	Important	<b>Valores</b>	Values
<b>Inútil</b>	Utility	<b>Servir</b>	Serve

<b>Sociedad</b>	Society	<b>Profesión</b>	Profession
<b>Sola</b>	Sole	<b>Apartamento</b>	Apartment
<b>Renunciar</b>	Renounce	<b>Conciencia</b>	Conscience
<b>Unida</b>	United	<b>Normal</b>	Normal
<b>Oficina</b>	Office	<b>Independiente</b>	Independent
<b>Discutir</b>	Discuss	<b>Insistir</b>	Insist
<b>Recibir</b>	Receive	<b>Embarazada</b>	Pregnant
<b>Costumbre</b>	Custom	<b>Diferente</b>	Different
<b>Sociedad</b>	Society		

• **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>De acuerdo con</b>	According to	<b>Su compromiso</b>	Her engagement
<b>Trabajador</b>	Hard working	<b>El dueño de los supermercados</b>	The owner of the supermarkets
<b>Veintiocho años</b>	28 years	<b>El novio</b>	The fiancé
<b>Un marido</b>	A husband	<b>Lo único</b>	The only thing
<b>Tus valores</b>	Your values	<b>Tu propio apartamento</b>	Your own apartment
<b>De acuerdo con</b>	According to	<b>Dios mío</b>	My gosh
<b>Todos</b>	All	<b>El papel</b>	The role
<b>Papel</b>	Paper	<b>Un hijo</b>	A son
<b>Tres años de casados</b>	Married for three years	<b>El trabajo</b>	Work
<b>Mi puesto</b>	My job	<b>El niño</b>	The child
<b>El derecho</b>	The right	<b>En mis tiempos</b>	In my days, times

• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Sus dos hijas</b>	Their two daughters	<b>La vida</b>	Life
<b>Las tradiciones cubanas</b>	Cuban traditions	<b>Una tontería</b>	Anything foolish
<b>Su país</b>	Their country	<b>Yo me gano la vida</b>	I earn my own living
<b>Abogada</b>	Lawyer	<b>Hay chicas</b>	There are girls
<b>Ideas más modernas</b>	More modern ideas	<b>Mis ideas conservadoras</b>	My conservative ideas
<b>En la sociedad de hoy</b>	In today's society	<b>Sola</b>	Alone
<b>Mi conciencia</b>	My conscience	<b>La misma casa</b>	The same house
<b>Doña Berta</b>	Doña Berta	<b>A algunas cuadras</b>	A few blocks from
<b>La otra hija</b>	The other daughter	<b>Su suegra</b>	Her mother-in-law
<b>Su nuera</b>	Her daughter-in-law	<b>Embarazada</b>	Pregnant
<b>Ideas muy diferentes</b>	Very different ideas	<b>La mujer</b>	The woman
<b>Las cosas</b>	The things	<b>Una pareja</b>	A couple
<b>Una oficina</b>	An office	<b>Una profesión</b>	A profession

• **Vocabulary:**

<b>Hace veinte años</b>	Twenty years ago	<b>Pero</b>	But
<b>Es lástima</b>	It's a pity	<b>Como de costumbre</b>	As usual
<b>Tal vez</b>	Perhaps	<b>Sin</b>	Without
<b>Claro</b>	Of course	<b>Es inútil</b>	It's useless

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

**A new tense: the present subjunctive**

Note: in English, we only have: I wish I were rich. The present subjunctive is used when there is doubt, uncertainty; expectation, scepticism or when the main clause starts with: I hope, I want, it's not true, to need, to prefer, to insist, they tell me, to ask, to prohibit, to advice, to demand, to prevent, to order, to request, to permit, to allow.

**Present subjunctive regular verbs:**

I may speak...

**Hablar:** hable-hables-hable-hablemos-habléis-hablen

I may eat...

**Comer:** coma-comas-coma-comamos-comáis-coman

I may live...

**Vivir:** viva-vivas-viva-vivamos-viváis-vivan

los padres quieren que vivan –the parents wants them to leave

I may do...

**Hacer:** haga-hagas-haga-hagamos-hagáis-hagan

I may have...

**Tener:** tenga-tengas-tenga-tengamos-tengáis-tengan

I may be...

**Ser:** sea-seas-sea-seamos-seáis-sean

<b>Quánto me alegro que vayas a tener un hijo</b>	How happy I am that you're going to have a child
<b>Ir-yendo-ido</b>	To go-going-gone

I may go(present subjunctive)

Ir :Vaya-vayas-vaya-vayamos-vayáis-vayan

<b>Usted espera que yo renuncie a mi puesto?</b>	Do you expect me to give up my job
<b>te aconsejo que dejes...</b>	I advise you to stop
<b>es inútil que sigamos</b>	It's useless for us to go on
<b>ojalá que algún día Usted llegue a comprenderme</b>	I hope that some day you come to understand me

<b>Hace veinte años</b>	Twenty years ago
<b>Se mudaron de</b>	They moved from
<b>Castro tomó el poder</b>	Castro came to power
<b>Dos hijas se han adaptado</b>	Two daughters have adjusted
<b>Pero los padres quieren que vivan</b>	But the parents want them to live
<b>La mamá acaba de saber</b>	The mother has just learnt
<b>Su hija mayor ha roto su compromiso</b>	Her elder daughter has broken her engagement

<b>Romper</b>	To break
<b>Hija, no voy a dejar que hagas una tontería</b>	Daughter, I'm not going to let you do anything foolish
<b>Algun día será el dueño</b>	One day he will be the owner
<b>Te he dicho</b>	I've told you
<b>No lo quiero</b>	I don't love him
<b>Yo no necesito que él me mantenga</b>	I don't need him to support me
<b>Yo me gano la vida</b>	I earn my own living
<b>Ya sé(saber)</b>	I already know
<b>Chicas que no encuentran novio</b>	Girls who can't find a fiancé
<b>Es lástima que no tengas ideas más modernas</b>	It's a pity that you don't have more modern ideas
<b>Prefiero</b>	I prefer
<b>Yo te pido</b>	I ask you

I ask...

**Pedir:** pido-pides-pide-pedimos-pedís-piden

<b>Te pido que no te olvides</b>	I ask you not forget
<b>El qué dirán</b>	What others will say
<b>No sirven</b>	Are useless
<b>Servir</b>	To be useful, serve

I serve... sirvo-sirves-sirve-servimos-servís-sirven

I say...

**Decir:** digo-dices-dice-decimos-decís-dicen

<b>Dices eso</b>	You say that
<b>No me gusta que vivas sola</b>	I don't like your living alone
<b>Es necesario que yo viva</b>	It's necessary that I live

<b>Lo que yo quiero es que seamos...</b>	What I want is for us to be
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I may be...

**Ser:** sea-seas-sea-seamos-seáis-sean

<b>Tenemos que</b>	We have to
<b>Más vale no seguir</b>	It's better not to go on
<b>Ya no nos comprendemos</b>	We don't understand each other anymore
<b>Se ponen a discutir</b>	They begin to argue
<b>Teri recibe a su suegra</b>	Teri is receiving her mother-in-law
<b>Nunca se ha llevado muy bien con ella</b>	She has never gotten along very well with her
<b>A la suegra nunca le ha gustado que Teri trabaje</b>	Her mother-in-law has never liked that Teri is working
<b>Acaba de saber que su nuera está embarazada</b>	She has just found out that Her daughter-in-law is pregnant

## **Ser vs estar**

**Ser** for permanence, **estar** for temporary situations

I am...

**Soy-eres-es-somos-sois-son**

I am... **estoy-estás-está-estamos-estáis-están**

<b>Somos de Puerto Rico</b>	we are from Puerto Rico
<b>el libro del profesor</b>	The teacher's book(possesion)
<b>mi prima es española</b>	My cousin is Spanish



<b>Pedro es rubio</b>	Pedro is blond(permanence)
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**Ser is used with colour, nationality, beauty and age.**

<b>El señor Morales es abogado</b>	permanance
<b>Soy profesor</b>	permanance
<b>mi primo es gordo</b>	She is always overweight
<b>But: mi primo está gordo</b>	he has put on weight
<b>Soy nervioso</b>	I'm a nervous person
<b>Estoy nervioso</b>	I feel nervous
<b>Como está</b>	how are you(health)
<b>como es</b>	What is he like

<b>Viene a felicitarla</b>	She comes to congratulate her
<b>Tienen ideas muy diferentes</b>	They have different ideas
<b>Quánto me alegro que vayas a tener un hijo</b>	How happy I am that you're going to have a child
<b>Creer: creíamos</b>	We thought
<b>Cosas no andaban</b>	Things were not going
<b>estoy cansado</b>	I am tired(at the moment)
<b>No es possible que una pareja lleve tres años?</b>	It isn't possible that a couple to be married for three years
<b>llevar</b>	To take
<b>Vas a dejar el trabajo?</b>	Are you going to stop working
<b>Dejarlo?</b>	Stop it
<b>Usted espere que yo renuncie a mi puesto?</b>	Do you expect me to give up my job
<b>Claro que yo espero</b>	Of course I expect it
<b>Te aconsejo que dejes(dejar) de trabajar</b>	I advice you that you stop working

<b>No tiene por qué ir</b>	She has no reason to go
<b>Yo tengo una profesión</b>	I have a profession
<b>Usted no tiene el derecho de pedirme</b>	You don't have the right to ask me
<b>Quando una joven se casaba, se dedicaba</b>	When a young woman got married, she dedicated herself
<b>Es inútil que sigamos(seguir)</b>	It's useless for us to go on
<b>Ojalá que algún día Vd. llegue(llegar) a comprenderme</b>	I hope that one day you'll come to understand me

## La enfermedad...

### 16. Patera...

### 42. Derivatives

<b>Enfermedad</b>	Infirmary	<b>Fiebre</b>	Fever
<b>Estómago</b>	Stomach	<b>Náuseas</b>	Nausea
<b>Clínica</b>	Clinic	<b>Médico</b>	Medical
<b>Examinar</b>	Examine	<b>Pulso</b>	Pulse
<b>Curandero</b>	Cure	<b>Análisis</b>	Analysis
<b>Efecto</b>	Effect	<b>Hierbas</b>	Herbs
<b>Infeccion</b>	Infection	<b>Sufrir</b>	Suffer
<b>Tratar</b>	Treat	<b>Intestinal</b>	Intestines
<b>Inmediatamente</b>	Immediately	<b>Rapidamente</b>	Rapidly
<b>Tranquilizar</b>	Tranquiliser	<b>Atender</b>	Attend
<b>Medicina</b>	Medicine	<b>Responder</b>	Respond

<b>Formar</b>	Form	<b>Dirección</b>	Direction
<b>Convencer</b>	Convince	<b>Costar</b>	Cost
<b>Guardia</b>	Guard	<b>Complicaciones</b>	Complications
<b>Ayudar</b>	Aid	<b>Farmacia</b>	Pharmacy
<b>Residencia</b>	Residence	<b>Suponer</b>	Suppose
<b>Manera</b>	Manner	<b>Importante</b>	Important
<b>Descubrir</b>	Discover	<b>Experiencia</b>	Experience
<b>Enfermeras</b>	Infirmery	<b>Cirujano</b>	Surgeon
<b>Recomendar</b>	Recommend	<b>Hospital</b>	Hospital
<b>Confianza</b>	Confidence	<b>Sistema</b>	System

- **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Unos cincuenta kilómetros</b>	About 50 kilometres	<b>El tercer hijo</b>	The third son
<b>El estómago</b>	His stomach	<b>Dolor de cabeza</b>	A headache
<b>Peso</b>	weight	<b>Pálido</b>	Pale
<b>El médico</b>	The doctor	<b>El pulso</b>	His pulse
<b>El corazón</b>	His heart	<b>Los pulmones</b>	His lungs
<b>Unos análisis</b>	Some tests	<b>El chico</b>	The boy
<b>Ningún efecto</b>	Any effect	<b>Mi esposo</b>	My husband
<b>Lo importante</b>	the importance	<b>Los vecinos</b>	The neighbours
<b>El compadre</b>	The godfather	<b>Cirujano</b>	Surgeon
<b>Dos años</b>	Two years	<b>Un hospital</b>	A hospital
<b>Los dos</b>	The two	<b>Su marido</b>	Her husband
<b>El pelo</b>	My hair	<b>El nombre</b>	The name

<b>Mi modo</b>	My way	<b>Un buen sistema</b>	A good system
<b>A lo mejor</b>	It's probably	<b>Su dirección</b>	Her address
<b>Su teléfono</b>	Her telephone number	<b>El parto</b>	Childbirth

• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>La enfermedad</b>	Illness	<b>Una familia campesina</b>	A peasant family
<b>Una fiebre</b>	A fever	<b>La garganta</b>	His throat
<b>Náuseas</b>	Nausea	<b>Cada vez</b>	Each time
<b>La clínica</b>	Clinic	<b>Dos semanas</b>	Two weeks
<b>Esta vez</b>	This time	<b>Sus hierbas</b>	His herbs
<b>La próxima vez</b>	Next time	<b>Una infección</b>	An infection
<b>Las pastillas</b>	The pills	<b>La medicina</b>	The medicine
<b>Mucha plata</b>	Much money	<b>La farmacia</b>	The pharmacy
<b>Partera</b>	Midwife	<b>Su residencia</b>	His residence
<b>Embarazada</b>	Pregnant	<b>Enfermeras</b>	Nurses
<b>Confianza</b>	Confidence	<b>Otra manera</b>	Another way
<b>Las cosas</b>	Things	<b>Complicaciones</b>	Complications
<b>Su formación</b>	Her training	<b>Experiencia</b>	Experience
<b>De todas formas</b>	Anyway	<b>La luz</b>	The light
<b>La pena</b>	The trouble	<b>Su dirección</b>	Her address
<b>Dos hermanas</b>	Two sisters	<b>Las nubes</b>	The clouds

- **Vocabulary:**

<b>Por fin</b>	Finally	<b>Juntos</b>	Together
<b>Donde</b>	Where	<b>Poco después</b>	Shortly after
<b>En ese caso</b>	In that case	<b>Tanto como</b>	As much as
<b>Casi</b>	Almost	<b>De todas formas</b>	Anyway
<b>A lo mejor</b>	It's probably		

- **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences**

**Present subjunctive:**

<b>La proxima vez venga antes</b>	Next time come sooner(request)
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**Venir:** venga-vengas-venga-vengamos-vengáis-vengan

<b>No me diga</b>	Request; don't tell me
<b>Tranquilíse</b>	Calm down; request
<b>Tranquilizar</b>	From z to c before e
<b>Trate de convencerlo(le)</b>	Try to convince him; request
<b>Volvamos a casa</b>	Let's go back home; request
<b>Su marido le ha recomendado que vaya a ver</b>	Her husband has recommended that she go and see

**Ir-yendo-ido:** vaya-vayas-vaya-vayamos-vayáis-vayan

<b>No me pidas que cambie</b>	Don't ask me to change
<b>Supongamos que hay</b>	Let's suppose there are
<b>Quiero que hables</b>	I want you to speak

### Preterit: (instant past actions)

Diego se despertó	Diego woke up; despertarse
Dije-decir	He said
Lo(le) llevó	She took him
Le tomó el pulso	He took his pulse
Le examinó el corazón	He examined his heart
Le hizo unos análisis	He did some tests on him

### Preterit: a succession of past actions

Ud. dijo	You said
Se enfermó	Got sick
Lo trajo?	Did you bring him
Lo llevé	I took him
No tuvieron efecto	They didn't have effect
Pasó dos años	He spent two years
Donde hizo	Where he did
Se casó	He married
Los dos volvieron	The two returned
Ann descubrió	She discovered
Juanita las atendió	Juanita took care of them

### Imperfect:(for ongoing past actions)

Le dolían el estómago y la garganta	His stomach and throat hurt
Tenía dolor de cabeza	He had a headache
Se ponía	He got
Perdía peso	He lost weight
Estaba	She was

## Future

<b>Las pastillas que le daré</b>	The pills I'll give him
<b>Se repondrá</b>	He will recuperate
<b>Diego empeorará</b>	He will get worse
<b>Peor</b>	Worse

## Present perfect

<b>Su marido le ha recomendado</b>	Her husband has recommended him
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## Imperative

<b>Ven Diego</b>	Come Diego
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## El cine...

### 17. Divirtiéndose...

### 34. Derivatives

<b>Censura</b>	Censor	<b>Gobierno</b>	Government
<b>Militar</b>	Military	<b>Interesar</b>	Interest
<b>Cine</b>	Cinema	<b>Encontrar</b>	Encounter
<b>Difícil</b>	Difficult	<b>A cause</b>	Because
<b>Importa</b>	Important	<b>Paquete</b>	Packet
<b>Permitir</b>	Permit	<b>Público</b>	Public
<b>Argumento</b>	Argument	<b>Dictadura</b>	Dictator
<b>Régimen</b>	Regime	<b>Ataque</b>	Attack
<b>Ridículo</b>	Ridiculous	<b>Última</b>	Ultimate
<b>Primera</b>	Primary	<b>Futuro</b>	Future

<b>Situación</b>	Situation	<b>Teatro</b>	Theatre
<b>Democracia</b>	Democracy	<b>Música</b>	Music
<b>Espectáculos</b>	Spectacular	<b>Obra</b>	Œuvre
<b>Discutir</b>	Discuss	<b>Atención</b>	Attention
<b>Casualidad</b>	Casualty	<b>Actores</b>	Actors
<b>Por ejemplo</b>	For example	<b>Decidir</b>	Decide
<b>Tema</b>	Theme		

• **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>El cine</b>	The cinema	<b>El gobierno</b>	The government
<b>Algo bueno</b>	Something good	<b>Al correo</b>	To the post office
<b>Sellos</b>	Stamps	<b>Un paquete</b>	A parcel
<b>Por correo aéreo</b>	By airmail	<b>Mis parientes</b>	My relatives
<b>El público</b>	The public	<b>Amigo</b>	Friend
<b>Temas políticos</b>	Political topics	<b>El argumento</b>	The argument
<b>El régimen</b>	The regime	<b>El futuro</b>	The future
<b>Los dibujos animados</b>	Cartoons	<b>Teatro</b>	Theatre
<b>Buenos actores</b>	Good actors	<b>Boletos</b>	Tickets
<b>El concierto</b>	The concert	<b>Un ataque</b>	An attack



- **Feminine nouns and adjectives;**

<b>La censura</b>	The censorship	<b>Estudiantes argentinas</b>	Argentine students
<b>Las dos</b>	The two	<b>Cada vez</b>	Each time
<b>A qué hora</b>	At what time	<b>La película</b>	The film
<b>Una dictadura</b>	A dictatorship	<b>La primera vez</b>	The first time
<b>La situación</b>	The situation	<b>La democracia</b>	The democracy
<b>Una ciudad famosa</b>	A famous city	<b>La música</b>	The music
<b>Esta noche</b>	Tonight	<b>Una obra de teatro</b>	A play
<b>Qué casualidad</b>	What a coincidence	<b>Temporadas</b>	Seasons
<b>La cartelera</b>	The entertainment listings	<b>Algunas cosas</b>	Some things
<b>La atención</b>	The attention	<b>En ambas obras</b>	In both plays
<b>Las nueve y media</b>	At half past nine		

- **Vocabulary:**

<b>Bajo</b>	Under	<b>Está bien</b>	O.K.
<b>Cerca del cine</b>	Near the cinema	<b>No es muy amigo de</b>	Isn't fond of
<b>Nada que ver con</b>	Nothing to do with	<b>Así</b>	That way

<b>Qué ridículo</b>	How ridiculous	<b>Sin embargo</b>	However
<b>La última</b>	The last	<b>Peor</b>	Worse
<b>Por ahora</b>	For now	<b>Cuáles, por ejemplo</b>	Which ones for example
<b>Tampoco</b>	Either	<b>Aunque</b>	Even

- **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

### **Present subjunctive:**

<b>Te importa? Como quieras</b>	Do you mind? Whatever you want
<b>Estoy dispuesto a ir donde tú quieras</b>	I'm willing to go where- ever you want
<b>Quieren que no veamos más que</b>	They want that we don't see more than...
<b>Aunque no puedan ir ellos</b>	Even if they can't go themselves
<b>Van a permitir que el público vea la película?</b>	Are they going to allow the public to see the film

### **Conditional:**

<b>No sería la primera vez</b>	It wouldn't be the first time
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I would speak...

**Hablar:** hablaría-hablarías-hablaría-

hablaríamos-hablaríais-hablarían

<b>No podría ser peor</b>	It couldn't be worse
<b>A mí me gustaría ver</b>	I would like to see

## Future:

<b>Ni será la última vez</b>	Nor will it be the last time
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I'll eat...

**Comer:** comeré-comerás-comerá-comeremos-comeréis-comerán

<b>Se acabará la censura</b>	The censorship will end
<b>Crees que habrá boletos?</b>	Do you think there will be tickets
I'll have	
<b>Haber-habré-habrás-habrá...</b>	<b>Habremos-habréis-habran</b>

<b>Viven en</b>	They live in
<b>Se interesan</b>	They're interested in
<b>Pero encuentran</b>	But they find
<b>A qué hora empieza?</b>	At what time begins...
<b>Estoy pensando</b>	I'm thinking
<b>Podemos ir</b>	We can go
<b>Te importa?</b>	Do you mind
<b>Nos queda una hora</b>	We have an hour left
<b>Tienes que comprar sellos?</b>	Do you have to buy stamps
<b>Mandar un paquete</b>	To send a parcel
<b>El correo queda cerca del cine</b>	The post office is near the cinema
<b>Di me!</b>	Tell me – (imperative)
<b>Van a permitir?</b>	Are they going to allow
<b>El gobierno no es muy amigo de los temas políticos</b>	The government is not too fond of political topics
<b>No tiene nada que ver con Argentina</b>	It has nothing to do with Argentina
<b>Se trata de una dictadura</b>	It deals with a European

<b> europea</b>	dictatorship
<b>Según tengo entendido</b>	According to my understanding
<b>Están diciendo</b>	They're saying
<b>Que se cierra un cine</b>	That a cinema is closed
<b>Si vuelva la democracia</b>	If democracy returns
<b>Divirtiendose-divertirse</b>	Having a good time
<b>Quieren salir</b>	They want to go out
<b>Discuten sobre lo que van a hacer</b>	They discuss what they're going to do
<b>Sobre</b>	On,over
<b>Tienes gana de salir?</b>	Do you feel like going out
<b>Estaba leyendo</b>	I was reading
<b>Ha habido</b>	There have been
<b>Hay algunas cosas que llaman la atención</b>	There are some things that need my attention
<b>Estaba tratando de decidirme</b>	I was trying to decide
<b>Trabajando</b>	Working
<b>Hace un mes que quiero ver la obra</b>	I've been wanting to see the play for a month
<b>Me pregunto</b>	I wonder. I ask myself
<b>Si están libres</b>	If they're free
<b>Pueden acompañarnos</b>	They can go with us
<b>Ellos se interesan más en la música</b>	They're more interested in music
<b>Te van a proponer un concierto</b>	They're going to suggest a concert
<b>Llamalos(entonces)!</b>	Call them then
<b>Yo sí quiero salir</b>	I do want to go out

Sergio...

## 18. Recordando...

### 64. Derivatives

<b>Durante</b>	During	<b>Posible</b>	Possible
<b>Televisión</b>	Television	<b>Director</b>	Director
<b>Vida</b>	Vital	<b>Medicina</b>	Medicine
<b>Programación</b>	Programming	<b>canal</b>	Channel
<b>Juntos</b>	Joint	<b>Graduar</b>	Graduate
<b>Educativo</b>	Educational	<b>Cultural</b>	Cultural
<b>Distintos</b>	Distinct	<b>Hospital</b>	Hospital
<b>Planear</b>	Plan	<b>Alta</b>	Altitude
<b>Imaginar</b>	Imagine	<b>Costar</b>	Cost
<b>Calidad</b>	Quality	<b>Intellectual</b>	Intellectual
<b>Complicada</b>	Complicated	<b>Referir</b>	Refer
<b>Preferir</b>	Prefer	<b>Comercial</b>	Commercial
<b>Estudiante</b>	Student	<b>Nostalgia</b>	Nostalgia
<b>Oficina</b>	Office	<b>Entero</b>	Entire
<b>Recordar</b>	Record	<b>Celebrar</b>	Celebrate
<b>Plantar</b>	Plant	<b>Favorito</b>	Favourite
<b>Fiesta</b>	Feast	<b>Preparar</b>	Prepare
<b>Permitir</b>	Permit	<b>Razón</b>	Reason
<b>Tocar</b>	Touch	<b>Guitarra</b>	Guitar
<b>Insistir</b>	Insist	<b>Ofrecer</b>	Offer
<b>Durar</b>	Enduring	<b>Celebrar</b>	Celebrate
<b>Noticias</b>	Notice	<b>Documentales</b>	Documentaries
<b>Cierto</b>	Certain	<b>Terminar</b>	Terminate
<b>Único</b>	Unique	<b>Estación</b>	Station
<b>Compañeros</b>	Comanions	<b>Recibir</b>	Receive
<b>Inteligente</b>	Intelligent	<b>Encantar</b>	Enchant

<b>Estupendo</b>	Stupendous	<b>Carta</b>	Card
<b>Violenta</b>	Violent	<b>Ciencia</b>	Science
<b>Otros</b>	Others	<b>Telefonar</b>	Telephone
<b>Ficción</b>	Fiction	<b>Propaganda</b>	Propaganda
<b>Regalada</b>	Regale	<b>Cuenta</b>	Count
<b>Ocurrir</b>	Occur	<b>Exageras</b>	Exaggerate

• **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>El director</b>	The director	<b>El canal 11</b>	Channel 11
<b>Educativo</b>	Educational	<b>Los programas</b>	The programs
<b>Sus propios hijos</b>	His own children	<b>Los canales comerciales</b>	The commercial channels
<b>Los chicos</b>	The children	<b>El día entero</b>	The whole day
<b>El televisor</b>	The T.V.	<b>El favorito</b>	The favourite
<b>Mi amor</b>	Darling	<b>El tiempo</b>	Time
<b>Lo único bueno</b>	The only good thing	<b>Sus gustos</b>	Their own tastes
<b>Algo más tonto</b>	Anything more stupid	<b>Un poco</b>	A bit
<b>El año pasado</b>	Last year	<b>Dos hospitales distintos</b>	Two different hospitals

<b>El trabajo</b>	The work	<b>Nuestros compañeros</b>	Our classmates
<b>Algunos</b>	Some	<b>Otros</b>	Others
<b>Tanto daño</b>	So much damage		

• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>La televisión</b>	Television	<b>La ciudad</b>	The city
<b>Alta calidad</b>	High quality	<b>La oficina</b>	The office
<b>Tal cosa</b>	Such a thing	<b>basura</b>	Junk
<b>Dos horas</b>	Two hours	<b>Por semana</b>	Per week
<b>Con razón</b>	And rightly so	<b>Cosas buenas</b>	Good things
<b>Noticias</b>	News	<b>La estación mía</b>	My station
<b>Las películas violentas o las de ciencia ficción</b>	Violent films and science fiction	<b>La propaganda</b>	The propaganda
<b>Una vida menos complicada</b>	A less complicated life	<b>La graduación</b>	The graduation
<b>Una fiesta</b>	A party	<b>Mi casa</b>	My house
<b>La comida</b>	The meal	<b>La guitarra</b>	Guitar
<b>Toda la noche</b>	All night	<b>Una carta</b>	A letter
<b>La facultad</b>	Med school	<b>La vida regalada</b>	A great life

• **Vocabulary:**

<b>Durante el día</b>	During the day	<b>Nunca</b>	Never
<b>Lo más posible</b>	As much as possible	<b>También</b>	Also
<b>A pesar de todo</b>	In spite of everything	<b>Pesar</b>	To weigh
<b>Tonto</b>	Stupid	<b>Antes</b>	Before
<b>Así</b>	That way		

<b>Él planea programas</b>	He is planning the programs
<b>Sus propios hijos prefieren</b>	His own children prefer
<b>Mirar los canales comerciales</b>	To watch the commercial channels
<b>Sergio regresa de la oficina</b>	Sergio returns from the office
<b>Sus hijos están viendo la televisión</b>	His children are watching T.V.
<b>Cuando yo salí para la oficina</b>	When I left for the office
<b>Los chicos estaban plantados aquí</b>	The children were glued to this same spot
<b>Han pasado el día entero?</b>	Have they spent the whole day
<b>Cómo se te ocurre tal cosa?</b>	How can you think such a thing
<b>Acabo de poner el televisor</b>	I've just put the T.V. on
<b>Nunca me ha gustado que miren</b>	I've never liked them watching
<b>No ven más que basura</b>	They see nothing but junk
<b>Ya sé mi amor</b>	I know, darling



<b>Tus padres nunca permitían que vieras</b>	Your parents never allowed you to watch
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Note: when the main verb(permit) is imperfect, the verb in the dependent clause(see) is normally in the imperfect subjunctive(your parents never allowed you to watch).

## The imperfect subjunctive

**There are 2 forms: the ra and the se ones.** The endings are the same for all verbs

I may talk...

**Hablara-hablaras-hablara-habláramos-hablarais-hablaran**

I may wat...

**Comiese-comieses-comiese-comiésemos-comieseis-comiesen**

Note: if the main verb is present, the required subjunctive is present.

For all other main verb tenses, the required subjunctive is imperfect.

<b>No dejaban que yo perdiese el tiempo así</b>	They didn't let me waste time that way
<b>Insistían en que yo leyera lo más posible</b>	They insisted that I read as much as possible

creer-creyendo-creído

to believe-believing-believed

Preterit: creí-creiste-creyó-creímos-creísteis-creyeron

imp.subj: creyera(derived from creyeron)

<b>Se te ha olvidado</b>	You've forgotten
<b>Que también se ofrecen</b>	That they also offer

<b>Me gustaría que vieran esos</b>	I'd like them to watch those
<b>Ellos tienen sus gustos</b>	They have their own tastes
<b>Les encanta las películas violentas</b>	They love the violent films
<b>Di me</b>	Tell me
<b>Creo que exageras un poco</b>	I think you're exaggerating a little
<b>Yo no creo que la television les haga tanto daño</b>	I don't think T.V. is hurting them that much

Note: if the main verbs is present the required subjunctive is present. For all other main verb tenses, the required subjunctive is imperfect

<b>Recordando la vida</b>	Remembering one's life
<b>Estudiaron</b>	They studied
<b>Se graduaron</b>	They graduated
<b>Fueron a trabajar</b>	They went to work

**Ir-yendo-ido:** to go-going-gone

I went (I was)

**Preterit:** fui-fuiste-fue-fuimos-fuisteis-fueron

<b>He regresado</b>	He has returned
<b>Se encuentra con Sofia</b>	He gets together with Sofia
<b>No sé</b>	I don't know
<b>Estoy agotado</b>	I'm worn out
<b>El mío is muy fuerte</b>	Mine is very hard
<b>El mío también es agobiante</b>	Mine is exhausting too
<b>Cuesta imaginarse</b>	It's hard to imagine
<b>Antes llevabamos una vida menos complicada</b>	Before we used to lead a less complicated life

<b>Te refieres a la vida de estudiante?</b>	Are you referring to student life
<b>Recuerdo muy bien</b>	I remember very well
<b>Lo celebramos</b>	We celebrated it

<b>Mamá preparé la comida</b>	My mother prepared the food
<b>Le pedimos a Lupita</b>	We asked Lupita

<b>Que tocara la guitarra</b>	To play the guitar
<b>Fue un exitazo la fiesta</b>	The party was a big hit

Note 2: ir and ser have the same preterit!

<b>Duró toda la noche</b>	It lasted all night
<b>Salimos todos a desayunar</b>	We all went out to have breakfast

<b>Nadie quería que se terminára la fiesta</b>	Nobody wanted the party to end
<b>Sería bueno que pudiéramos reunirnos todos</b>	It would be good if we could all get to gather
<b>Sería estupendo que pudiéramos reunirnos todos</b>	It would be terrific if we could all get together (again)
<b>De ellos no recibimos más que una carta</b>	From them, we only get a letter
<b>De estudiantes teníamos la vida regalada</b>	As students we had a great life
<b>ni nos dábamos cuenta</b>	And we didn't even realise it

## Alejandro...

### 19. una entrevista

#### 61 Derivatives

<b>Profesor</b>	Professor	<b>Técnico</b>	Technical
<b>Entrevista</b>	Interview	<b>Petróleo</b>	Petroleum
<b>Centro</b>	Centre	<b>Nueve</b>	Novelty
<b>Química</b>	Chemical	<b>Nacionalizar</b>	Nationalise
<b>Industrial</b>	Industrial	<b>Experto</b>	Expert
<b>Organización</b>	Organisation	<b>Dificultades</b>	Difficulties
<b>Ecología</b>	Ecology	<b>Escribe</b>	Describe
<b>Beca</b>	Burse	<b>Proyecto</b>	Project
<b>Reúnir</b>	Reunite	<b>Impresionado</b>	Impression
<b>Economía</b>	Economy	<b>Cuenta</b>	Account
<b>Realizar</b>	Realise	<b>Organizar</b>	Organise
<b>Invitar</b>	Invite	<b>Los fondos</b>	Funds
<b>Cursos</b>	Courses	<b>Capacitación</b>	Capacity
<b>Esfuerzos</b>	Effort	<b>Venta</b>	Vendor
<b>Problema</b>	Problem	<b>Tremendo</b>	Tremendous
<b>Industrializar</b>	Industry	<b>Precios</b>	Prices
<b>Personas</b>	Persons	<b>Preparación</b>	Preparation
<b>Programa</b>	Program	<b>Ganar</b>	Gain
<b>Difícil</b>	Difficult	<b>Costo</b>	Cost
<b>Propósito</b>	Proposition	<b>Doctoras</b>	Doctors
<b>Tranquila</b>	Tranquil	<b>Inflación</b>	Inflation
<b>Gobierno</b>	Government	<b>Por ejemplo</b>	For example
<b>Terrible</b>	Terrible	<b>Cierto</b>	Certain
<b>Crear</b>	Create	<b>Extranjero</b>	Strange
<b>Sofocante</b>	Suffocating	<b>Posible</b>	Possible

<b>Technología</b>	Technology	<b>abril</b>	April
<b>Informe</b>	Information	<b>Industria</b>	Industry
<b>Contaminación</b>	Contaminate	<b>Gente</b>	Gents
<b>Nacional</b>	National	<b>Embrazar</b>	Embrace
<b>Ofrecer</b>	Offer	<b>Aceptar</b>	Accept
<b>Juntos</b>	Joint		

• **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Un Nuevo centro industrial</b>	A new industrial centre	<b>Su amigo</b>	His friend
<b>Experto</b>	Expert	<b>Cursos</b>	Courses
<b>Los obreros</b>	The workers	<b>El problema</b>	The problem
<b>Cada mes</b>	Each month	<b>El costo</b>	The cost
<b>El calor</b>	The heat	<b>El aire</b>	The air
<b>Un informe</b>	A report	<b>El ambiente</b>	The environment
<b>Ese problema</b>	That problem	<b>Otro puesto</b>	Another position
<b>Con mucho gusto</b>	Gladly	<b>Su país</b>	His country
<b>Los esfuerzos</b>	The efforts	<b>El proposito</b>	The proposition
<b>El gobierno</b>	The government	<b>El extranjero</b>	Abroad
<b>Los conocimientos</b>	The knowledge	<b>Países industrializados</b>	Industrialised countries
<b>Petróleo</b>	Oil	<b>Algunos de los Proyectos</b>	Some of the Projects

<b>Los fondos</b>	The funds	<b>Los precios</b>	The price
<b>Hay muchos puestos</b>	There are many positions	<b>Por ejemplo</b>	For example
<b>Los brazos</b>	The arms		

- **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Una larga estancia</b>	A long stay	<b>Capitación</b>	Capacity
<b>Sin ninguna preparación</b>	Without any formal training	<b>La inflación</b>	Inflation

Note: articles are often used in Spanish but not translated.

<b>La contaminación del ambiente</b>	Environmental pollution	<b>Una entrevista</b>	An interview
<b>Una beca</b>	A scholarship	<b>Química</b>	Chemistry
<b>La organización</b>	The organisation	<b>Economía</b>	Economy
<b>Una tecnología</b>	A technology	<b>Una industria</b>	An industry
<b>Todas las ganancias</b>	All the profits	<b>Dificultades</b>	Difficulties
<b>La venta</b>	The sale	<b>Aquella ciudad</b>	That city
<b>La industria petroquímica</b>	Petrochemical industry		

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

<b>Alejandro ha vuelto a Caracas</b>	Alejandro has returned to Caracas
<b>Mientras estaba...</b>	While he was...
<b>Se escribían a menudo</b>	They often wrote to each other
<b>Ahora los dos se reúnen</b>	Now the two of them get together
<b>Al verse, se abrazan</b>	When they see each other, they embrace
<b>Si pudieras ver</b>	If you could see
<b>Te quedarías impresionado</b>	You would be impressed
<b>Se habla mucho</b>	They talk a lot
<b>De lo que se está realizando allí</b>	About what is being done there
<b>Come te fue?</b>	How was it for you
<b>Como sabes, me mandaron</b>	As you know, they sent me
<b>Y lo llevaste a cabo?</b>	And did you accomplish it
<b>El problema debe ser tremendo</b>	The problem must be tremendous
<b>Todavía queda mucho por hacer</b>	There is still a lot to be done
<b>Si lo vieras no lo creerías</b>	If you saw it you wouldn't believe it
<b>Debe ser difícil vivir allí</b>	It must be difficult to live there
<b>Uno no lleva una vida muy tranquila</b>	One doesn't live a tranquil life

<b>Es posible que me manden a mí</b>	It's possible they'll be sending me...
<b>Quieren que yo haga</b>	They want me to do
<b>No me digas!</b>	Don't tell me
<b>Si pudieras resolver</b>	If you could solve
<b>Sería</b>	It would be
<b>Hace falta gente como tú</b>	They need people like you
<b>Te ofrecieran</b>	If they offered you
<b>Lo aceptarías?</b>	Would you accept it
<b>Asi podríamos trabajar juntos</b>	We could work together that way
<b>La ha invitado</b>	Has invited her
<b>Hablar sobre los esfuerzos</b>	To talk about the efforts
<b>Que está haciendo Venezuela</b>	That Venezuela is making
<b>Quisiéramos saber algo</b>	We'd like to know something
<b>El propósito fue crear</b>	The goal was to create

**Por eso tantos estudiantes van al extranjero**

That's why so many students go abroad

**El gobierno quería que aprovecháramos**

The government wanted us to take advantage

**Supongo que Venezuela no podría costear...**

I suppose that Venezuela wouldn't be able to pay all of this

<b>Si no tuviera petróleo</b>	If it didn't have oil
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**Uds ya saben que el petróleo se nacionalizó en el 1976**



You already know that the oil industry was nationalised in 1976

**Ahora todas ganancias se invierten en el país**

Now all to profits are invested in the country

<b>Hemos leído</b>	We've read
<b>Pudiera decirnos algo sobre esto?</b>	Could you tell us something about this
<b>Como Uds. Se dan cuenta</b>	As you may realise

**La llegada...**

**20. Seis meses...**

**Derivatives**

<b>Ingeniero</b>	Engineer	<b>Provincia</b>	Province
<b>Vender</b>	Vendor	<b>Ministerio</b>	Minister
<b>Agricultura</b>	Agriculture	<b>Técnica</b>	Technical
<b>Tipo</b>	Type	<b>Seguro</b>	Secure
<b>Tierras</b>	Terrarium	<b>Ayudar</b>	Aid
<b>Otros</b>	Others	<b>Distinto</b>	Distinct
<b>Gobierno</b>	Government	<b>Métodos</b>	Method
<b>Modernos</b>	Modern	<b>Agrónomo</b>	Agronomist
<b>Respeto</b>	Respect	<b>indígenas</b>	Indigenous
<b>Adoptar</b>	Adopt	<b>Proponer</b>	Propose
<b>Reconocer</b>	Recognise	<b>Decente</b>	Decent
<b>Honrado</b>	Honourable	<b>Interés</b>	Interest

<b>Dudas</b>	Doubts	<b>Resultado</b>	Result
<b>Sincero</b>	Sincere	<b>Pesimista</b>	Pessimist
<b>Comienzo</b>	Commence	<b>Oportunidad</b>	Opportunity
<b>Escuela</b>	School	<b>Secundaria</b>	Secondary
<b>Desconfiado</b>	Confidence	<b>Ilusiones</b>	Illusions
<b>indios</b>	Indians	<b>Costumbre</b>	Customs

• **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Dos indios</b>	Two Indians	<b>Campesinos</b>	Peasants
<b>Un pequeño pueblo</b>	A small town	<b>Un ingeniero</b>	Engineer
<b>Un ingeniero agrónomo</b>	An agricultural engineer	<b>Ministerio</b>	Ministry
<b>El uso</b>	The use	<b>Abonos</b>	Fertilizers
<b>Ese tipo</b>	That guy	<b>Desconfiado</b>	Distrust
<b>Los otros</b>	The others	<b>Este gobierno</b>	This government
<b>Ese sabihondo</b>	That know-it-all	<b>Un abogado</b>	A lawyer
<b>El periódico</b>	The newspaper	<b>Maíz</b>	Corn
<b>Trigo</b>	Wheat	<b>El ganado</b>	Cattle
<b>Como de costumbre</b>	As usual	<b>Seis meses</b>	Six months
<b>El respeto</b>	The respect	<b>indígenas</b>	Indigenous people
<b>Muchos campesinos</b>	Many peasants	<b>Honrado</b>	Honorable
<b>Decente</b>	Decent	<b>Su interés</b>	His interest

<b>Su interés</b>	His interest	<b>Sincero</b>	Sincere
<b>Este año</b>	This year	<b>Los resultados</b>	The results
<b>Buenos resultados</b>	Good results	<b>Los abonos</b>	The fertilizers
<b>A cambio</b>	In exchange	<b>Nuestros hijos</b>	Our children
<b>Mi amigo</b>	My friend	<b>El mundo del blanco</b>	The white man's world
<b>Cerca del lago</b>	Near the lake	<b>Riego</b>	Irrigation

• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>La llegada</b>	The arrival	<b>La provincia</b>	The province
<b>Nuevas técnicas</b>	New techniques	<b>Las tierras</b>	The properties
<b>Mejores cosechas</b>	Better crops	<b>Papas</b>	Potatoes
<b>Cebada</b>	Barley	<b>La paz</b>	The peace
<b>Las haciendas</b>	The large estates	<b>En esta vida</b>	In this life
<b>La oportunidad</b>	The opportunity	<b>La escuela secundaria</b>	Secondary school
<b>Una escuela técnica</b>	Technical school	<b>Ilusiones</b>	Illusions

• **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

<b>Dos indios campesinos que viven</b>	Two Indian peasants who live
<b>Han oído que vendrá un ingeniero</b>	They've heard that an engineer will be coming
<b>A enseñarles</b>	To teach them
<b>El uso de</b>	The use of
<b>A qué vendrá ese tipo</b>	I wonder why that guy is coming
<b>Para qué lo(or le) habrán mandado?</b>	Why will they have sent him
<b>Para quitarnos las tierras</b>	To take away our lands
<b>Habrà alguien más confiado que tú?</b>	Will there be anyone more distrustful than you?
<b>Hay</b>	There is
<b>Habrà</b>	There will be
<b>Quién sabe?</b>	Who knows
<b>Quizás venga a ayudarnos</b>	Maybe he is coming to help us

Note: perhaps means uncertainty, hence the pres. Subj. of venir.

<b>A mí me gustaría tener mejores cosechas</b>	I would like to have better crops
<b>A quién no le gustaría?</b>	Who wouldn't like to
<b>Pero nos estafará</b>	But he will swindle us
<b>Pedro dijo que esta vez sería distinto</b>	Pedro said that this time it would be different
<b>Cree que este gobierno hará todo</b> Red: main clause green: noun clause	He believes that this government will do everything

Note: only forms of querer, deber or poder in the main clause require a subjunctive in the noun clause. **Quiero que el gobierno haga todo...**

<b>Será porque saba castellano y lee el periódico</b>	It will be because he knows Spanish and reads the newspaper
<b>Tendríamos papas</b>	We would have potatoes
<b>Aun habría</b>	There would even be
<b>Sería bonito</b>	It would be nice
<b>Yo pido que nos dejen en paz</b>	I ask that they leave us in piece
<b>Verás que nos engañarán como de costumbre</b>	You'll see that they'll deceive us as usual
<b>El gobierno repartió...</b>	But the government distributed...
<b>No lo puedes negar</b>	You can't deny that
<b>Las cosas están cambiando</b>	Things are changing

Note: often the Spanish articles are not translated.

<b>Han pasado seis meses</b>	Six months have passed
<b>Alfredo llegó</b>	Alfred arrived
<b>Se ha ganado el respeto</b>	He has gained the respect
<b>Ha aprendido</b>	He has learnt
<b>A hablar</b>	To speak
<b>Han adoptado</b>	They have adopted
<b>Hasta Marcelino tiene que reconocer</b>	Even Marcel has to recognise
<b>Por lo menos no vino a robar</b>	At least he didn't come to steal
<b>No lo habría creído</b>	I wouldn't have believed it
<b>Todavía dudas que su interés sea sincero</b>	Yet still doubt that his interest is sincere

<b>Vamos a ver si la cosecha nos sale mejor</b>	Let's see if our harvest turns out better
<b>Los resultados tienen que ser</b>	The results have to be
<b>Quién sabe lo que pedirán en cambio?</b>	Who knows what they'll ask in exchange
<b>No te regalan nada</b>	You don't get anything for free
<b>Si ganáramos más</b>	If we will earn more
<b>Nuestros hijos tendrían</b>	Our children would have...
<b>No te hagas ilusiones</b>	Don't deceive yourself

Note: negative commands use present subjunctive

<b>Jamás será</b>	Will never be
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## Un dominicano...

### 21. Una equatoriana...

#### Derivatives

<b>Empleos</b>	Employment	<b>Mal</b>	Malignant
<b>Documento</b>	Document	<b>Necesario</b>	Necessary
<b>Contar</b>	Count	<b>De nuevo</b>	Novelty
<b>Noticia</b>	Notice	<b>Amor</b>	Amorous
<b>Interés</b>	Interest	<b>Ciudadano</b>	Citizen
<b>Agradable</b>	Agreeable	<b>Florería</b>	Florist
<b>Cierto</b>	Certain	<b>Presentar</b>	Present
<b>Orquesta</b>	Orchestra	<b>Juntos</b>	Joint
<b>Pasar</b>	Pass	<b>Asistente</b>	Assistant
<b>Realizar</b>	Realise	<b>Ambiciones</b>	Ambitions

<b>Condiciones</b>	Contitions	<b>Humilde</b>	Humble
<b>Envidia</b>	Envy	<b>Hotel</b>	Hotel
<b>Familia</b>	Family	<b>Mensajero</b>	Messenger
<b>Correcto</b>	Correct	<b>Talento</b>	Talent
<b>Escuela</b>	School	<b>Preferir</b>	Prefer
<b>Textil</b>	Textile	<b>Primaria</b>	Primary
<b>Terminar</b>	Terminate	<b>Presentar</b>	Present
<b>Vida</b>	Vital	<b>Miserabile</b>	Miserable
<b>Ilegalmente</b>	Illegally	<b>Pelar</b>	Peel
		<b>Baile</b>	Ballet

- **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Empleos malos</b>	Bad jobs	<b>Documientos necesarios</b>	The necessary documents
<b>Su amigo</b>	His friend	<b>Todo eso</b>	All that
<b>Hombre!</b>	Wow!	<b>Amor</b>	Love
<b>Mucho tiempo</b>	For a long time	<b>Un sueldo</b>	Wages
<b>Un baile</b>	A dance	<b>Juntos</b>	Together
<b>Doce años</b>	12 years	<b>Algunos doscientos kilómetros</b>	Some 200km
<b>El mejor hotel</b>	The best hotel	<b>Criados</b>	Servants
<b>Hermanos</b>	Brothers	<b>Mensajeros</b>	Messengers
<b>Talento</b>	Talent	<b>El grito</b>	Shouting
<b>De ningún modo</b>	In no way	<b>El primer año</b>	The first year

• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>La republica</b>	The republic	<b>Plata</b>	Money
<b>Un puertorriqueña</b>	A Puerto Rican woman	<b>Una gran noticia</b>	Great news
<b>La boda</b>	The wedding	<b>Una novia</b>	A girlfriend
<b>Una muchacha</b>	A girl	<b>La nacionalidad</b>	The nationality
<b>La tarjeta verde</b>	The green card	<b>Muy buena gente</b>	A very nice person
<b>Una florería</b>	A florest's	<b>Tu esposa</b>	Your wife
<b>Una orquesta dominicana</b>	A Dominican orchestra	<b>A las nueve</b>	At nine o'clock
<b>Esta noche</b>	Tonight	<b>Tu felicidad</b>	Your happiness
<b>Una equatoriana</b>	An Equadorian woman	<b>Una hacienda</b>	A ranch
<b>Cocinera</b>	Cook	<b>La familia</b>	The family
<b>Sus ambiciones</b>	Her ambitions	<b>Las mismas condiciones</b>	The same conditions
<b>Hermana</b>	Sister	<b>Niñeras</b>	Nursemaids
<b>Papas</b>	Potatoes	<b>Cebollas</b>	Onions
<b>Con ella</b>	With her	<b>La escuela técnica</b>	Vocational school
<b>Mi hermanita</b>	My little sister	<b>Peluquera</b>	Hairdresser
<b>La nueva fábrica de textil</b>	The new textile factory	<b>Panadería</b>	Bakery
<b>Pan</b>	Bread	<b>La primaria</b>	Primary school



<b>Ropa</b>	Clothing	<b>Otra salida</b>	Any other opportunity
<b>Esta vida</b>	This life		

- **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

<b>Paco salió</b>	Paco left
<b>Y entró</b>	And entered
<b>Fue a</b>	Went to
<b>Para vivir mejor</b>	In order to live better
<b>Para poder mandarle plata a su familia. Le: indirect object pronoun</b>	To be able to send money to his family
<b>Ha tenido empleos malos</b>	Has had bad jobs
<b>No tiene</b>	He has no
<b>Le cuenta a su amigo</b>	He tells his friend
<b>Todo eso cambiará</b>	All that will change
<b>Ahora que se casa</b>	Now that he is marrying
<b>Me alegro que hayas venido</b>	I'm glad you've come
<b>Qué hay de nuevo?</b>	What's new
<b>Qué me cuentas?</b>	What's up
<b>Tengo</b>	I have
<b>Me voy a casar</b>	I'm going to get married
<b>La boda será el veintiocho de este mes</b>	The wedding will be the 28 <sup>th</sup> of this month
<b>Quiero que vengas</b>	I want you to come
<b>Yo no sabía que tenías una novia</b>	I didn't know(that) you had a girlfriend
<b>Dime con quién te casas</b>	Whom are you marrying
<b>Que conocí donde trabajo</b>	Whom I met where I work

<b>Así que voy a sacar</b>	This way I'm going to get
<b>Ojalá que no te hayas comprometido</b>	I hope that you haven't committed yourself
<b>Qué va!</b>	Not at all
<b>Quiero mucho a Beatriz</b>	I love Beatriz a lot
<b>Y si me hago...</b>	And if I become...
<b>Puedo conseguir</b>	I can get
<b>Aun sería agradable</b>	It would even be pleasant
<b>Es cierto que llevas mucho tiempo fregando platos</b>	You certainly have been washing dishes for a long time
<b>Oye, cuando me presentas a Beatriz?</b>	Say(listen) when will you introduce me to Beatriz
<b>A eso vine</b>	That's what I came for
<b>Quiero que tú y tu esposa salgan con nosotros</b>	I want you and your wife to go out with us
<b>Chévere! Pasen Uds por aqui</b>	Great! come here
<b>Iremos juntos</b>	We will go together
<b>Hay un baile</b>	There is a dance
<b>Esta noche brindaremos por tu felicidad</b>	Tonight let us toast to your happiness
<b>Tiene éxito</b>	Is successful
<b>Ella pasó casi doce años</b>	She spent almost twelve years
<b>Que quedaba a algunos 200 kilómetros de</b>	That was some 200 km from
<b>Trabajaba de asistente de cocinera</b>	She was working as assistant cook
<b>Hasta que se marchó</b>	Until she went
<b>Donde empezó</b>	Where she began
<b>Cuánta envidia te tengo</b>	How I envy you

<b>Cómo llegaste a ser cocinera?</b>	How did you become a chef cook
<b>Te acuerdas que mi familia fue a trabajar...?</b>	Do you remember that my family went to work
<b>Quando yo tenia once años?</b>	When I was eleven years old
<b>Ellos eran criados</b>	They were servants
<b>Yo era</b>	I was
<b>Empecé pelando papas</b>	I began peeling potatoes
<b>Pero si hubieras seguido así</b>	But if you had gone on that way
<b>Nunca habrías aprendido a cocinar</b>	You would never have learnt to cook
<b>Dijo que yo tenía talento</b>	She said that I had talent
<b>Me enseñó a cocinar</b>	She taught me to cook
<b>Ella esperaba que me quedara con ella</b>	She was hoping that I would stay with her

Note: When the main verb is imperfect, the imperfect subjunctive is used.

<b>Se puso brava quando le dijiste que te ibas?</b>	Did she get angry when you told her that you were going
<b>Ella puso el grito en el cielo</b>	She hit the roof
<b>De ningún modo podia quedarme</b>	In no way was I able to stay
<b>Con lo que gané aqui</b>	With what I earned here
<b>Le pagué la escuela a mi hermano</b>	I paid to send my brother to school
<b>Está estudiando para peluquera</b>	She is studying to be a hairdresser
<b>Yo habría preferido que hubieran terminado la Primara</b>	I would have preferred if they had finished Primary School

<b>Pero no quisieron</b>	But they didn't want to
<b>No creo que se me presente otra salida en esta vida</b>	I don't think that any other opportunity will present itself in this live

## La Victoria...

### 22. El jugador...

### 50. Derivatives

<b>Victoria</b>	Victory	<b>Ardiente</b>	Ardent
<b>Fútbol</b>	Football	<b>Equipo</b>	Equipment
<b>Favorito</b>	Favourite	<b>Estadio</b>	Stadium
<b>Saluda</b>	Salute	<b>Golero</b>	Goalie
<b>Imaginar</b>	Imagine	<b>Defensa</b>	Defence
<b>Desastre</b>	Disaster	<b>Capaz</b>	Capable
<b>Suplente</b>	Supplement	<b>Universidad</b>	University
<b>Campionato</b>	Championship	<b>Eliminados</b>	Eliminate
<b>Tecnico</b>	Technique	<b>Occurrió</b>	Occur
<b>Jardinero</b>	Gardener	<b>Tarde</b>	Retard
<b>Leones</b>	Lions	<b>Cantidad</b>	Quantity
<b>Liga</b>	League	<b>Desear</b>	Desire
<b>Programa</b>	Program	<b>Nombrar</b>	Nominate
<b>Presentar</b>	Present	<b>Decisión</b>	Decision
<b>Título</b>	Title	<b>Valioso</b>	Valuable
<b>Permitir</b>	Permit	<b>Pendiente</b>	Pendent
<b>Honor</b>	Honour	<b>Admirar</b>	Admire
<b>Compañeros</b>	Companion	<b>Seguro</b>	Secure

<b>Entrar</b>	Enter	<b>Deportes</b>	Sports
<b>Especialmente</b>	Especially	<b>Aceptar</b>	Accept
<b>Correr</b>	Courier	<b>Entrevista</b>	Interview
<b>Oferta</b>	Offer	<b>Merecer</b>	Merit
<b>Importante</b>	Important	<b>Comprende</b>	Comprehend
<b>Contentísimos</b>	Content	<b>Oportunidad</b>	Opportunity
<b>Rumor</b>	Rumour	<b>Mayor</b>	Major
<b>Contrato</b>	Contract		

• **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Los mexicanos</b>	The Mexicans	<b>Fútbol</b>	Football, soccer
<b>Un partido</b>	A match	<b>El equipo</b>	The team
<b>El favorito</b>	The favourite	<b>Los dos muchachos</b>	The two boys
<b>Sus boletos</b>	His tickets	<b>Delante del estadio</b>	In front of the stadion
<b>Su amigo</b>	His friend	<b>Ningún golero</b>	No goalie
<b>Un desastre</b>	A disaster	<b>Un suplente capaz</b>	A capable substitute
<b>El campeonato</b>	The championship	<b>El peor jugador</b>	The worst player
<b>El colmo!</b>	The last straw	<b>El técnico</b>	The manager
<b>El estadio</b>	The stadium	<b>El año</b>	The year
<b>El jardinero</b>	The gardener. Here the outfielder	<b>Los leones</b>	The lions
<b>Valioso</b>	Valuable	<b>Pelotero</b>	Baseball player

<b>Jonrones</b>	Homeruns	<b>Cuyo fildeo</b>	Whose fielding
<b>Locutor</b>	Announcer	<b>Lo primero</b>	The first thing
<b>El título</b>	The title, the award	<b>Un gran honor</b>	A great honour
<b>Ninguno</b>	Nobody	<b>Tus compañeros</b>	Your teammates
<b>Especialmente al receptor</b>	Especially to the catcher	<b>El rumor</b>	The rumour
<b>Un contrato</b>	A contract	<b>La mayoría</b>	The majority
<b>El estadio estará lleno</b>	The stadium will be full		

• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>La victoria</b>	The victory	<b>La mayoría</b>	Most, (the majority)
<b>Esta tarde</b>	This afternoon	<b>La Universidad</b>	The university
<b>Tres semanas</b>	Three weeks	<b>A las dos y cuarto</b>	A quarter past two
<b>Mala suerte</b>	Bad luck	<b>Nuestra defensa</b>	Our defense
<b>Qué locura</b>	What madness	<b>Qué cantidad de gente</b>	What a mob of people
<b>La liga</b>	The league	<b>Una entrevista</b>	An interview
<b>Muchas gracias</b>	Thanks very much	<b>Su oferta</b>	Their offer
<b>Ninguna oportunidad</b>	Any opportunity	<b>Las mayores</b>	The majors

<b>Tu decisión</b>	Your decision	<b>Muy buena suerte</b>	Good luck
<b>Muy buenas tardes</b>	A very good afternoon		

- **Verbs, expressions, phrases, sentences:**

<b>Hay un partido</b>	There is a match
<b>Los muchachos sacaron sus boletos</b>	The boys bought their tickets
<b>Hace tres semanas</b>	Three weeks ago
<b>Quedaron en verse delante del Estadio</b>	They arranged to meet in front of the Stadion
<b>Alfonso se acerca a su amigo y lo saluda tristemente</b>	Alfonso approaches his friend and greets him sadly
<b>Cerca</b>	Near
<b>Oye, Jorge</b>	Hey, listen Jorge
<b>Se quebró la rodilla</b>	He broke his knee
<b>No puede jugar hoy</b>	He can't play today
<b>No puede ser</b>	It can't be
<b>Ningún golero que sea mejor</b>	There's no goalie who is better
<b>A mí me lo dices!</b>	You're telling me
<b>No puedo imaginarme</b>	I can't imagine
<b>Lo que será nuestra defensa</b>	What our defense will be
<b>Va a ser</b>	It's going to be
<b>A menos que nombren</b>	Unless they name
<b>Si perdemos hoy, quedamos eliminados</b>	If we lose today we're eliminated
<b>Te cuento lo más ridiculo</b>	I tell you the most ridiculous thing

<b>Han escogido a Bonilla</b>	They have chosen Bonilla
<b>Cómo se le ocurrió al técnico?</b>	Where did the manager get such an idea

<b>Con Bonilla no creo que podamos ni empatar</b>	With Bonilla I don't think that we can even tie
<b>El estadio estará lleno</b>	The stadium will be full
<b>Y no más para ver la Victoria de Guadalajara!</b>	And just to see Guadalajara win
<b>A Antonio Negrón, lo(le) acaban de nombrar como</b>	They just named Antonio Negrón as...
<b>No había pelotero que tuviera más jonrones...</b>	There was no baseball player who had more homeruns...
<b>Ni cuyo fildeo se admirara más</b>	Nor whose fielding was admired more
<b>Le pidió que se presentara</b>	He asked him to come for...
<b>Lo primero lo que quiero hacer</b>	The first thing I want to do
<b>Es felicitarte</b>	Is to congratulate you
<b>Por el título</b>	On the award
<b>No hay nadie que lo merezca más que tú</b>	There's nobody who deserves it more than you
<b>Tus compañeros se habrán puesto contísimos</b>	Your teammates must have been very happy
<b>Cuando supieron lo del Título</b>	When they found out about the award
<b>Antes que sigas</b>	Before you go on
<b>Puedo decir algo?</b>	Can I say something



<b>Lo que tu quieras</b>	Whatever you want
<b>Quisiera darles las gracias a todas los jugadores</b>	I'd like to thank all the players
<b>Este título se lo debo a ellos</b>	I owe this reward to them
<b>Bien dicho</b>	Well said
<b>Corre el rumor</b>	There's a rumor
<b>Te pidieron que firmaras un contrato con ellos</b>	They asked you to sign a contract with them
<b>Aceptarías su oferta?</b>	Would you accept their offer
<b>No pienso rechazar ninguna oportunidad</b>	I don't intend to reject any opportunity

<b>Que me permita entrar en las mayores</b>	That allows me to enter the Majors
<b>Te deseamos buena suerte</b>	We wish you good luck
<b>Les desea muy buenas tardes</b>	I wish you a very good afternoon

## La muerte...

### 23. Dos años...

#### Derivatives

<b>Técnico</b>	Technical	<b>Sufrió</b>	Suffer
<b>Infarto</b>	Infarct	<b>Cadáver</b>	Cadaver
<b>Muerte</b>	Mortal	<b>Compañero</b>	Companion
<b>Se murió</b>	Mortal	<b>Cementerio</b>	Cementary
<b>Parientes</b>	Parents	<b>Tragedia</b>	Tragedy
<b>Imaginar</b>	Imagine	<b>Destino</b>	Destiny

<b>Manera</b>	Manner	<b>Justo</b>	Just
<b>Impotente</b>	Impotent	<b>Vida</b>	Vital
<b>Pasar</b>	Pass	<b>Rosario</b>	Rosary
<b>Vale</b>	Value	<b>Precisamente</b>	Precisely
<b>Junto</b>	Joint	<b>Viuda</b>	Widow
<b>Aniversario</b>	Anniversary	<b>Misa</b>	Mass
<b>Ofrecer</b>	Offer	<b>Exagerar</b>	Exaggerate
<b>Especial</b>	Especially		

• **Masculine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>Panameño</b>	Panamanian	<b>El técnico</b>	The technician
<b>Su cadáver</b>	His body	<b>Sus compañeros</b>	His mates
<b>Sus hijos</b>	His children	<b>El velorio</b>	The wake
<b>parientes</b>	Realitives	<b>Amigos</b>	Friends
<b>El pésame</b>	The sympathy	<b>El cementerio</b>	Cemetery
<b>Su barrio</b>	His neighbourhood	<b>El daño</b>	The damage
<b>El destino</b>	Fate, destiny	<b>Tan bueno como el pan(bread)</b>	As good as gold
<b>Tu rosario</b>	Your rosary	<b>Dos años</b>	Two years
<b>El Segundo aniversario</b>	The second anniversary	<b>Su hijo mayor</b>	Your eldest son
<b>Tu suegro</b>	Your father-in-law	<b>Juntos</b>	Together
<b>De luto</b>	In mourning	<b>Vestir de negro</b>	To dress in black

<b>El resto</b>	The rest	<b>Golpe</b>	Hit, knock, shock
<b>Duro</b>	Hard	<b>En mis tiempos</b>	In my day
<b>Al fin al cabo</b>	After all	<b>Qué golpe más duro</b>	What a terrible blow

• **Feminine nouns and adjectives:**

<b>La muerte</b>	The death	<b>Su esposa</b>	His wife
<b>Su casa</b>	His house	<b>La iglesia</b>	The church
<b>Tu hermana</b>	Your sister	<b>Tragedia</b>	Tragedy
<b>Esta manera</b>	This way	<b>Hermana</b>	Sister
<b>Mi vida</b>	My life	<b>Una misa</b>	A mass
<b>Su alma</b>	His soul	<b>Su nuera</b>	Her daughter-in-law
<b>Mi mamá</b>	My mother	<b>Edad</b>	Age
<b>A la edad de cuarenta años</b>	When she was forty years old	<b>Por cualquier cosa</b>	For anything

• **Verbs, expressions-phrases, sentences:**

<b>Un día, mientras trabajaba</b>	One day while he was working
<b>Sufrió un infarto</b>	He suffered a heart attack
<b>Y se murió. Su cadáver fue llevado por sus compañeros</b>	And he died. His body was carried by his mates
<b>Lo velaron</b>	They had a wake
<b>La casa se llenó de parientes</b>	The house was filled with relatives

<b>Amigos que vinieron</b>	Friends who came
<b>Fue enterrado</b>	He was buried
<b>Terra</b>	Earth, land
<b>No me dejes. Qué tanto te voy a extrañar</b>	Don't leave me. How I'm going to miss you
<b>Qué tanta falta me haces ya!</b>	How much I need you already
<b>Que Dios te guarde</b>	May God watch over you
<b>Aquí viene</b>	Here comes
<b>Qué tanto lo siento!</b>	How sorry I am
<b>Quién se hubiera imaginado?</b>	Who would have thought
<b>Tu has visto tal tragedia?</b>	Have you ever seen such a tragedy
<b>Por qué me has castigado?</b>	Why have you punished me
<b>Qué daño he hecho?</b>	What harm have I done
<b>No hables así</b>	I don't talk that way
<b>Fue el destino</b>	It was fate, destiny
<b>No es justo que este nos haya pasado</b>	It's not fair that this has happened to us
<b>No vale nada</b>	Is not worth anything
<b>No digas eso-neg.com.</b>	Don't say that
<b>Vamos a rozar</b>	Let us pray
<b>Ya han pasado dos años</b>	Two years have passed now
<b>Han ofrecido</b>	They have offered
<b>Está volviendo</b>	She is returning
<b>Mire</b>	Look
<b>Quisiéramos que fuera a vivir con nosotros</b>	We would like you to come and live with us
<b>No le conviene seguir sola en esta casa</b>	It's no good for you to go on living alone in this house
<b>Que vivíamos juntos</b>	So that we lived together
<b>Quando él se murió</b>	When he died

<b>No me pidan que cambie de vida</b>	Don't ask me to change my life
<b>Basta ya de verte siempre de luto</b>	We've seen you in mourning long enough
<b>Quizás con nosotros dejes de vestir de negro</b>	Perhaps with us you'll stop dressing in black
<b>Llevó el luto</b>	She remained in mourning
<b>Nadie se atrevió a decirle que exageraba</b>	No one dared to tell her that she was exaggerating
<b>No se entierre Ud en vida; no habría querido eso</b>	Don't bury yourself alive; he wouldn't have wanted it
<b>Pero déjenme recordarlo como a mí me enseñaron</b>	But let me remember him the way they taught me
<b>Sigo siendo su esposa</b>	I'm still his wife